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DREYFUS TRIAL STILL DRAGS.

Much of it is a Roaring Farce, of Little Interest.

PROCEEDINGS FROM DAY TO DAY

Maitre Labori Again on Deck, and Giving the Opposition Plenty to do—The Outlook Generally More Favorable for Dreyfus.

MONDAY.

Rennes, France, (By cable.)-The trial of Captain Dreyfus began the third week of its proceedings at 6.30 o'clock, without incident. Labori, who was expected to be present, was not able to make his appearance. There are 99 witnesses to be examined and the prospect is that the trial will extend far into September, or later. All the witnesses examined Monday were hostile to Dreyfus, all belonging to the army ring. It is feared the popular outbreak and anarchistic demonstration of Sunday will work against the prisoner. As on former days most of the evidence of Monday was of a character not calculated to interest American readers and but small amount of real testimony was given, most of the proceedings consisting of what Americans would regard as disorderly and undignified wrangle.

TUESDAY.

Tuesday was Maitre Labori's day at the Lycee. His mere presence brought brightness into the court room and fresh light into the proceedings. Labori did what people had expected. He galvanized the dormant defence into an active, living thing. M. Demange is conciliatory. Labori is a gladiator and always aims to touch his foes to the quick.

Thus the great trial moves along with alterate days of hope and fear for the accused. But little other evidence was given during Tuesday, and not of it, of a character to interest the public.

WEDNESDAY.

Rennes, France, By Cable.—The session of the Dreyfus trial was not productive of any thrilling incidents. The prosecution proceeded with the production of the flimsiest trash, which it deems profitable to inflict on the judges and which is accepted as evidence. An effort was made to blast Dreyfus' character by much ridiculous testimony, but the bubbles of tittle-tattle were badly pricked when counsel for the defence had finished with the witness. Much of the time was occupied in reading the testimony of Esterhazy and Mlle. Pays before the Court of Cassation, during which many of the audience left the court.

THURSDAY.

Rennes, France, By Cable.—The features of the day's session of the Dreyfus court martial was the long expected cross examination of Mercier by Labori. It served only to demonstrate anew the audacious policy of the powerful coterie who are really on trial before the world. Labori made a gallant and persistent struggle to bring out the truth of the conspiracy which sent Dreyfus to Devil's island and hopes to return him thence, but what could any lawyer do to force a witness who takes refuge in silence when hard pressed and whom the court encourages in his recalcitrancy?

It must be confessed that Mercier bore the ordeal better than was expected, some of his replies scarcely telling anything.

FRIDAY.

At the opening of the session Friday, considerable comment was caused by the request of M. Gribelin, the principal archivist of the headquarters staff, for permission to absent himself for twenty-four hours, owing to a summons of the Minister of War, General (the Marquis) De Gallifet, who desired to see him in Paris. It was suggested that the Minister of War wished to refresh M. Gribelin's memory which has been so strongly anti-Dreyfus. Then followed the reading of a medical certificate signed by two doctors whose names were not familiar to the audience, setting forth that Colonel Du Paty de Clam is too ill to leave his bed and appear at Rennes, at which the audience was not surprised. Madame Du Paty de Clam also wrote the government commissary offering a written, supplementary deposition from her husband. M. Labori, after securing the names of the doctors who signed the certificate, asked the court to appoint two well-known physicians to report officially on Du Paty de Clam's condition. Colonel Jouaust, however, declared it was useless to do so as the condition of the invalid was well-known.

Most of the other testimony given was of a technical character and anti-Dreyfus in its bearing.

SATURDAY.

Rennes, France, By Cable.—"Dead men tell no tales." This is the barricade behind which General Mercier and the general staff have intrenched themselves.

But there is one weak point in their defense—Colonel Du Party de Clam—and the military clique know it and are striving to the utmost to keep him out of M. Labori's clutches. If they can prevent Du Paty de Clam, who is now called the "sick man of the Dreyfus affair," from appearing at the witness bar they can effectually put the silence of the tomb between truth and justice. M. Labori is fighting tooth and nail to drag him into court, but Colonel Jouaust persists in refusing him the necessary assistance. He declines to send reputable doctors to officially report on the state of Du Paty de Clam's health, which every Dreyfusard firmly believes is only diplomatically affected and that he will recover quickly enough after the trial.

The evidence, spiced with a good deal of sensationalism, was decidedly favorable to Captain Dreyfus, and his chances of acquittal seem to grow stronger day by day.

STATE SQUIBS.

Red Springs Murderer Caught.

At Scotland Neck Saturday Deputy Sheriff C. W. Dunn arrested a man believed to be John Monroe, who killed Town Constable Thomas Atkinson at Red Springs, July 21st. The man now under arrest in every way answers the description, even scars on his fingers, his weight, height, color, etc. He says his name is Lewis Kearney. He worked there last year for Mr. Jack Keel, a short while, grading tobacco. He says he came from Beaman, Va., and at first asked the officer to telegraph a colored man there. Later he asked that he telegraph to a white man at Suffolk. Mayor A. B. Pearsall offered $500 reward for John Monroe and Officer Dunn feels sure he has the right man.

State Notes.

The road supervisors of Tryon township, according to the Saluda Resort, have given out all sections of public roads in their control to responsible parties. At a meeting held recently the following order was made: "The roads must be higher in the center, with ditches at the side; all mud holes filled; all water turned off the road; foot brdges across streams wherever needed; signboards with plain directions at all cross-roads; all trees that are likely to be blown down must be chopped down." It was also ordered that an itemized account must be kept of how the money and free labor are expended on each section.

The collection of North Carolina bird eggs in the State museum has been greatly enlarged by the addition of the collection of Dr. Smithwick of LaGrange, Lenoir county. This is his gift. He personally collected most of the eggs in the eastern counties. Curator Brimley has completed the work of mounting a very fine specimen of a shark. A saw fish is nearly completed.

The American Telephone company has completed its long-distance line to New York and it is now possible for parties in Lexington to converse with people in Atlanta, New York and all the principal cities along the route. The southern circuit is one of the longest in the world. The cost for a five-minutes' chat with a New Yorker during the day is $5.75. At night it is just half this amount.—Lexington Dispatch.

Up to date 141 men have been enlisted by Lieutenant Settle, U. S. A., at Raleigh for the regulars and volunteers. Of these 67 chose the volunteers. At present more are enlisting for the volunteers than for the regulars, though but a little while ago the reverse was the case.

We are informed that Bishop Horner of the Episcopal church, recognizing the need of a new house of worship here, has, after consultation with his parishoners, decided to replace the present building with a new one.—Shelby Aurora.

An electric line from Tryon to Lynn is among the possibilities of the near future. It will be almost a necessity when the Lynn hotel is completed, and of course will be extended to Columbus when the new railroad reaches the county seat.

Seventy-three convicts are now at work on the roads in what is known as the Raleigh road district. They have so far built twenty-three miles of macadam road and eleven of graveled. The roads reach six miles from Raleigh.

The Methodist Episcopal people at Tryon are taking hold of the church building enterprise with vigor. The new edifice which is projected will be a great improvement to Tryon.

Mr. Hutchison, of Buncombe county, has established a canning factory at Asheville on what has been known as the Frank Bolick lot, near the depot.

Despite pursuit and search, only two of the twelve Federal, State and county convicts who escaped Monday have been found.

Cooking and sewing have been added to the course of instruction given by the Durham graded school.

Rev. J. N. Booth has accepted a call to the Greenville Baptist church. Rev. A. W. Setzer goes from Greenville to Morchead.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry has kept its organization intact for 106 years.

Mr. J. Crawford Biggs, assistant professor of law at the University, will go to Durham in September and become a member of te first Boone and Bryant.

The telephone line from Fruitland to Hendersonville is nearly completed.

Dismal Swamp Canal Opened.

Norfolk, Va., Special.—The Dismal Swamp canal will be opened for vessels Monday. The first schooner that will go through will be the William Daniel, Captain Riggin, of Philadelphia, coal laden for Elizabeth City.

Town Wiped Off the Earth.

Newport, Ark., Special.—News reached here Saturday that the little village of Pleasant Plain, situated in the hills of the southern part of Independence county, about twenty-five miles west of Newport, was struck by a stom Friday night and literally wiped out of existence. Not a house was left standing. As the town has neither telegraph nor telephone connection with the outside world, the details of the storm's ravages cannot be learned at this hour.

A chest of opium weighing 125 pounds sells for 1,000 rupees at least, so that the saving in one sub-agency alone comes to 1,200,000 rupees, which at the present rate of exchange may be taken to be equal to $400,000. There are five sub-agencies in Bengal, and probably the same number in the northwestern provinces, which gives a total of $4,000,000, to which if is added the saving in freight, owing to the bags being loaded in several layers in a railway truck, instead of only one layer of jars, we get nearly $5,000,000.

THE SURRENDER OF DELAGEL.

Troubles at Darien, Ga, Are Practically Over.

MILITA WERE CLOSE ON HIM,

And Delagel Surrendered Himself in Order to Secure Protection—All Quiet at the Scene of Disturbance.

Darien, Ga., Special.—The round-up of negroes in McIntosh county resulted in the surrender of Henry Delegal, the murderer of Deputy Sheriff Townsend, and the location for future arrest of Delegal's brother and the woman directly implicated in the killing. Delegal's surrender was made to Lieutenant Wood, in charge of a detachment of thirty Savannah soldiers stationed fifteen miles in the country to back up the sheriff's posse, who were scouring the swamp, and Delegal states that he surrendered to the troops for protection, as he saw the sheriff's posse was closing in on him and his capture was only a few hours or minutes.

No Background for Silver.

Kansas City, Mo., Special.—William J. Bryan stopped here between trains while en route to Denver. "I shall continue to discuss silver," said Mr. Bryan, in response to a query, adding: "There was a story from Des Moines, Ia., recently, that I was putting silver in the background. I am not. I will not. I was incorrectly reported. Silver will be placed alongside the other great issues, and it will be given its due share of consideration. I stand by the Chicago Democratic platform. When a new baby is born in a household the parents do not expel the other children. Because the Democratic party is making a fight on imperialism, militarism and trusts, is no reason why we should send from our household the other child. We should gather all these children into arms and fight for them."

Awful Crime of An Old Man.

Anniston, Ala., Special.—W. W. Dutton, a white man about eighty years old, was arrested here on a warrant charging him with the attributed assault on a niece, a girl sixteen years of age. The crime is alleged to have been committed Friday night at the Dutton home, in the western portion of the city and it is said the old man came near accomplishing his purpose, but the screams of the girl brought neighbors to the rescue. Dutton's aged wife being too feeble to interfere. Dutton fled, but was found concealed in the home of a friend not far from his own residence. He vehemently denies his guilt. It is charged that this is Dutton's second offense recently.

Important B. & O. R. R. Changes.

M. J. Allen, Traveling Freight Agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, has become Commercial Freight Agent at Duluth, Minn., succeeding Thomas Miles, transferred to Minneapolis. C. H. Harkins goes from Minneapolis to Chicago. H. C. Smith, of the general offices in Baltimore, was appointed Freight Tariff Agent, in charge of percentages and divisions, publication of all freight tariffs, the issuance of all tariff and division sheets and billing and routing instructions.

Gen. Gordon Injured.

Richmond, Va., Special.—Saturday morning at Rockbridge Alum Springs, while General John B. Gordon was on his way to his cottage, a large greyhound ran in front of him, causing him to fall over it. He sustained bruises about the face, but was not seriously hurt.

All Quiet at Waynesville.

Raleigh, N. C., Special.—Solicitor Ferguson wires that matters are quiet at Waynesville and that the lynchers did not appear. The jail is strictly guarded by the military. Burt Smith, whose life was threatened by the mob, is white and is aged seventeen years. He is charged with assaulting his eight-year-old niece.

Revolutionists Gain Ground.

Cape Haytien, Hayti, By Cable.—News has just been received here confirming the report of Saturday's fighting in San Domingo between the government forces and those of the revolutionists. General Pacheco, at the head of four hundred men of the revolutionary troops, fought the government troops for three days, inflicting heavy losses. It is reported that the government forces lost 150 men killed and wounded and that the revolutionists captured two field pieces. In addition, General Antonio Calderon, one of the government commanders, was killed and secretly buried. The revolutionists lost only thirteen men killed besides several wounded.

The McKinleys at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., Special.—President and Mrs. McKinley reached here Saturday evening and were driven to the residence of Robert Pitcairn, superintendent of the Pennsylvania road, whose guests they will be. The remainder of the party were taken to the Schenly hotel. A large crowd met the train at the depot and cheered the president.

Claims McLean's Defeat.

Columbus, O., Special.—The following statement has been given out at Colonel Kilbourne's headquarters: "There will be from 520 to 549 delegates in the Zanesville convention opposed to the nomination of John R. McLean. The opposition to John R. McLean will organize the convention and control it making the nomination. Colonel Kilbourne will have the largest number of votes on the initial ballot.'"

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS.

Young Lady Shot Dead.

Mrs. Geo. Taylor, of Bogue, whose husband keeps a store near the scene of the Weeks' murder, accidentally shot a young girl, Dora Taylor by name Friday. Mr. Taylor was absent at the time, and as Miss Taylor came into the store, Mrs. Taylor asked her if she did not want to see her new pistol. At the same time she handed the weapon to the young lady, when by some means her finger touched the trigger, there was a flash and revort, and Miss Dora fell dead. Mrs. Taylor is prostrated by the shock. It is feared she will go insane.

A Fatal Explosion.

As a result of an explosion of three of a battery of six boilers at Hitch's Lumber Mill, Scott's Creek, two men were killed outright and two others badly injured. The dead are Douglas Sheaver, fireman, and his assistant, name unknown. The injured are Gus. Osborn, skull fractured; Preston Williams, engineer, scalded. Osborn will probably die and Williams is so badly scalded that it is thought he will not recover. One other man, whose name could not be learned, is missing. At the time of the accident this man was seated on a boiler, and was seen clinging to the boiler as it shot through the air, landing in Scott's creek, several hundred yards from the mill.

Hanged for Assault.

Julius Alexander, colored, was privately hanged at Charlotte at 10:22 Friday morning for assaulting a white woman last February. He showed no signs of nervousness, confessed the crime and said the penalty was just. A colored preacher, in a talk on the scaffold, said Alexander's crime was "one for which we are glad to see the law carried out."

A Negress Murdered.

A colored woman named Jane Brown, from Greensboro, N. C., was found murdered in the outskirts of Charlotte Friday afternoon. A negro named Wm. Truesdale from Camden, S. C., was arrested for the crime. He had blood stains on his clothes. The woman went there Thursday and had Truesdale arrested for breach of promise, but compromised the case.

Big Tobacco Sales.

There was the largest tobacco sale at Kinston Friday since the market opened this season. Over two hundred thousand pounds at an average of between seven and eight cents. Tobacco men here say that there will be 8,000,000 pounds of tobacco sold on the Kinston market during the season.

State Notes.

Mr. Samuel Cook, of Winston, was jumping from the northbound passenger train on the Norfolk and Western road, just before it reached Avalon. He was told by the flagman not to jump. His head struck the oil box of the passenger coach.

The Fayetteville Observer says that in 71st township hail fell on Tuesday night three inches deep, some of the stones being as large as hen eggs. Cotton was completely stripped.

It is said that all the banker ponies were drowned in the recent terrible storm on our coast. A gentleman from Beaufort tells the Goldsboro Argus that one man counted 52 dead ponies within a distance of a few miles.

The Mt. Airy News, says: The well known Peach Bottom copper mine near the state line in Alleghany county has been sold to some New Jersey capitalists for $21,000. The mine is an exceedingly rich and valuable one. The nearest railroad shipping point is Mt. Airy. The same parties offered $9,000 for another mine across the line in Grayson county, but the offer was refused.

The eastern terminus of the East Carolina Railroad company, of which Henry Clark Bridgers is the moving spirit, will be in Tarboro near the cotton yard on Water street. Work on the road is now being pushed and the road for part of the way is expected to be open for traffic before the first of the year. Shipments of steel rails for the road for eleven miles have been received.

"Bob Horton," of the Valley, tells the Watauga Democrat of a petrified hog that was unearthed by high waters on the Yadkin recently. The hog died some years ago and was buried on the bank of the river, and when washed out recently it was found to be thoroughly petrified.

So far this year 22 cotton mills have been granted charters by the State, as follows: Gaston, 1; Rockingham, 3; Davidson, 1; Forsyth, 1; Alamance, 3; Lincoln. 2; Richmond, 1; Moore, 1; Edgecombe, 2; Cleveland, 1; Halifax, 1; New Hanover, 1; Wayne, 1; Cabarrus, 1; Cumberland, 1; Guilford, 1.

Million Dollar Cotton Mill.

Arrangements are on foot looking toward the building of a million-dollar mill at or near Gastonia, N. C. The main spirits in promoting the scheme are Messrs. George A. Gray and John F. Love, who have done so much for the material advancement of the town. It has not been decided yet whether the mill will be an export mill or cotton duck mill. The cotton duck mills of the country have gone into a combine, and there is a good opening for a mill of this character outside of the combine.

Porto Rican Question.

Washington, Special.—It is believed in high quarters here that many of the important questions relating to Porto Rico will be left for Congress to deal with, instead of being settled by executive action. One of these relates to the free exchange of commodities between Porto Rico and this country. Another plan of relieving Porto Rico was to permit her tobacco to enter Cuba free of duty. This would give an easy market to Porto Rican tobacco but the point has been raised that it would depress Cuban tobacco.

THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

The South.

The steamship Kansas City, which sailed from New York Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock, reached Savannah Saturday night at midnight and was docked by 1 o'clock. The Kansas City is 55 hours overdue and great anxiety was expressed over her delay.

The fire which broke out Friday night in the warehouse of Lee, Richardson & Company, in Vicksburg, Miss., was gotten under control Saturday morning. The loss will approximate $160,000, well covered by insurance.

Internal Revenue officers have seized the Key Manufacturing and Distilling Company's plant at Statesville, N. C., for violation of law.

In a pitched battle with horse thieves at Lebanon, I. T., Deputy Marshal C. A. Burns was killed, after fatally wounding one of the gang.

The North.

Mrs. Isabelle Kane, of New York, fell down an air shaft and was kiled.

Fire Captain John Watt, of Engine Company No. 5, Jersey City, N. J. became overpowered by smoke at a small fire Thursday and died.

While trying to board a moving train at Lake Forest, Ill., John V. Farwell, millionaire, was thrown and badly hurt.

The Chicago Union Traction Company is negotiating the purchase of the Chicago, Edison and Commonwealth Electric Companies, at Chicago, Ill.

William J. Bryan will speak at Tipton, Mo., in the interest of Judge Shackleford, Democratic candidate to succeed the late R. P. Bland in Congress.

Lena Metzgar, 11 years old, and Rose Salbisamer, aged 9, were burned to death by the explosion of a can of gasoline at Chicago, Ill., Thursday night.

John Zeltner, accomplice of his brother, Paul, in the murder of E. H. Westenhaven, at Bowling Green, O., has been sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment.

Jack the Bum, the veteran dog of the Third Battalion, New York Fire Department, the savior of four human lives, was run over by a truck and killed.

While searching for a sunken ship, 150 feet under water, off Tacoma, Wash., Thursday, William Baldwin, a diver, was suffocated by the bursting of his air pipe.

Robert Libbey and wife, of East Warren, N. H., were struck and killed at a crossing of the Boston & Maine Railroad, over which they attempted to drive.

Rev. Julius O. Worth, 82 years old, of Sea Cliff, L. I., is learning to ride a bicycle.

A tornado Thursday night smashed a house and barn at Faulkton, S. D., and killed John Sherman, aged 17.

George King, charged with murdering Eugene Van Ornum, at Malone, N. Y., in 1887, has been arrested at Springfield, Mass.

William Funk, arrested in Columbia, Mo., charged with killing William Brooks in Washington, D. C., has been identified by Detective Weedon, of Washington.

Popular subscription in Nebraska was insufficient to bring home the disbanded First Regiment of that State from San Francisco, Cal., and the men will pay their own way.

Suit has been brought at Cleveland, O., against Secretary Hay and the Interlake Transportation Company for $42,364 by the owners of the steamer Ohio, sunk in collision with the Siberia, of the Interlake Line, in Mud Lake.

Foreign.

The Massey-Harris and H. A. Lozier bicycle companies, of Toronto; the Gould Company, of Brantford, Ont., and the Welland-Vale Company, of St. Catharine's, Ont., have combined, with $7,000,000 capital.

Senor Jose, a member of the Spanish Chamber of Deputies, has been arrested at Barcelona, charged with embezzling $300,000 from a railway company.

Surgeon Erwin, of the Marine Hospital Service, now in Philadelphia, has been ordered by Surgeon General Wyman to proceed to Lisbon and make a report on the situation regarding the bubonic plague, which has made its appearance in Portugal.

William O'Brien's United Irish League is spreading in Ireland so speedily that it has provoked restrictive measures.

The Cabmen's Trades Union has driven the taxameter, or fare-registering and computing cabs, off the streets of London.

The highest Prussian Court has decided it to be a punishable offense to keep for sale American meats and sausages which have not passed examination.

Miscellaneous.

The British steamer Strathdore is stranded near Norrskar, and is in danger of wrecking.

Colonel Egbert B. Savage, U. S. A., arrived at New York Saturday from Matanzas, Cuba.

Private Charles T. Brown, Company F, Eighth Infantry, died in Havana of chronic nephritis.

John Pitcairn, of Philadelphia, has made a gift of $400,000 to the Church of New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian), at Chicago, Ill.

Among the passengers who arrived at New York from Europe Saturday were Captain A. T. Mahan, U. S. N., and Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin.

A committee from Chicago, Ill., has arrived at Mexico City to invite President Diaz to attend the laying of the corner-stone of the Federal building in October.

William Waldorf Astor intends to put his son into the British Household Cavalry.

In reply to a cable inquiry from Surgeon General Wyman, Assistant Surgeon Heiser at Naples Bureau that there is absolutely no truth in the report that the plague had appeared at Naples and Palermo.

Booker T. Washington was bitterly denounced at the Afro-American council at Chicago by Rev. R. C. Ransom of Bethel Church, in which the convention is being held, and also by B. T. Thornton, of Indianapolis. Washington has been in the city, but has refused to attend the sessions of the convention.

Several of the most serious and influential Berlin papers, including The National Zeitung and The Frankfort Zeitung, printed strong editorials last week on the relations of Germany with the United States, vigorously recommending the acceptance of invitations to the Philadelphia commercial exhibition.

ARP ON VARIOUS TOPICS.

Bill Thinks Dreyfus is Innocent and is Being Persecuted.

THEN TALKS ABOUT THE WAR.

The Negro Problem is Discussed—Some Districts Where There is No Trouble. Penetentiary Statistics.

It is indeed singular how much sympathy and what an intense interest the trial of Dreyfus has excited all over the civilized world. The life or the liberty of but one man—a Jew of no great consequence—is at stake and yet the world looks on with more concern than is given the Philippine war, where thousands have died in battle since the trial of Dreyfus began. The great heart of the people believe the Jew is innocent and is being persecuted by the military because he is a Jew. Civilians everywhere are getting more and more jealous of the military power, and well they may be, for it is aggressive, cruel and intolerent when not kept under restraint.

The long suffering of Dreyfus has intensified the pity of mankind and recalls the plea that Shakespeare makes for Shylock, "I am a Jew; hath not a Jew eyes and hands, senses, affections, passions. If you prick us do we not bleed? If you poison us do we not die?" This persecution has been going on for five years and the end is not yet in sight. It reminds us of the historic trial of Warren Hastings that begun in April, 1790, and continued until April, 1795. Never was a man so unjustly assailed. The sublimest oratory and logic of Burke and Fox and Sheridan came down upon him with withering and pitiless force. Burke spoke three days and amazed the world with his matchless eloquence, and the world pronounced Hastings guilty before any evidence had been introduced for Burke's speech was an exordium, a presentation of the bill of indictment. Poor Hastings, frail, small and sickly, knelt at the bar and there heard the terrible denunciations of his accusers. The English nation was against him, and even his friend and patron, William Pitt, deserted him. Hastings, as governor general of India, had not pleased the party in power and was to be made a victim. That was politics then, and it is politics now. It was like the execution of Mrs. Surratt and Captain Wurz in 1865, for two more innocent persons could not have been found, but the thirsty public demanded some victims and these were chosen. In 1795 Hastings was triumphantly acquitted on every charge and public opinion had already turned in his favor. Lord Macauley says that he administered the Indian government with more than the capacity of Richelieu and John Stuart Mill says he was the best governor that India ever had.

Well now, if Dreyfus can have such a happy ending to his long suffering and trial the world will be satisfied. Labori is already a hero—the brightest star in the galaxy. He has made no blunder in act or speech during his long and arduous labors and when he declares with folded arms and glistening eyes and impassioned voice that Dreyfus is innocent the world believes him. If he is again condemned, France will be disgraced and degraded in the eyes of the great powers of the world. A government that cannot save one innocent man cannot save itself when revolution comes.

The next biggest thing before us is the everlasting war that, like Banquo's ghost, will not down. It drags its slow length along from day to day and week to week until its blood and cost has almost ceased to agitate us and only its politics is considered. The question uppermost is will it roll McKinley in again or will it roll him out. Imperialism is a bigger presidential issue than silver or the tariff.

But just now the question that seems to concern the South is what shall be done with the negro. In some portions of the country there is no disturbance, no friction, no outrages of any kind. The two races are getting along as peaceably as in the years gone by. There are whole counties down in lower Georgia and whole districts in some of the western States where the negroes as a mass are industrious and humble and give no trouble. In upper South Carolina there is peace and harmony save an occasional disturbance that bad men like the Tolberts provoke. Most of the outrages that provoke the lynchings come from negro tramps who have no settled home, no family, nor occupation, but go and come when they please. They are the scurf of the towns and cities—the overflow—for cities breed crime and corruption, both among whites and blacks.

The prison report is interesting and instructive reading and shows the most careful and humane treatment of the convicts. The commission with General Evans at its head, are all kind, Christian gentlemen and no State in the Union can show a better record of its prisoners, both male and female.

But it is impossible to keep up with the lies and slander that are circulated by Northern politicians and Southern negro editors and educators. It is all a scheme to get money from the Northern dupes. Even as notable a woman as the wife of Booker Washington, who is chairman of the executive committee of the National Association of Colored Women, says in her published address, "The white people preach and point to the immorality of young colored girls and yet the white people themselves are to blame for this condition of affairs, for in this convict lease system the girls and women are not only worked in the field with men, but are shut up at night in the same cells with them. Can you expect a poor, ignorant colored girl to be pure and virtuous when she is shut in night after night with a man?"

General Evans writes me that no such condition exists in Georgia, nor has ever existed, and that for ten years past the female convicts have not even been worked on farms with the men, but have been leased to separate contractors who work none but the women on a farm. The women (about sixty in number) work together, eat together, sleep together and are absolutely separated from men and boys and are on entirely different farms. These women are not confined in cells at all, but live in a house far more comfortable than they lived in before their conviction. The men and women do not meet at all at any time or anywhere.

How is that? What explanation can that woman make? What can Booker Washington say about it? He had better say something about it, for he has had the support and encouragement of the Southern people and he will be held responsible for such malignant slanders.

This prison report shows that 40 per cent. of the convicts can read and write.

That 45 per cent. are married.

That 90 per cent. are between the ages of seventeen and twenty-seven.

That only forty were in slavery before the war and only eighteen are old enough to remember what slavery was.

Another singular table in the report is called the table of "recidivists," which means, I suppose, the "returners." There are 269 serving a second term; 47 a third term; 6 a fourth term, and 3 a fifth term. They seem to like the business. A good whipping or two or three good whippings would have stopped all those recidivists. If a man likes one kind of punishment so well as to go back to it, it would be well to change it and let him try another.

But let us keep on agitating and discussing and let no man boast that he knows it all, for he doesn't.—Bill Arp in Atlanta Constitution.

THE FRIENDLESS SPARROW.

England Declares War on the Bird Pest—His Career in the United States.

Ever since the ancient and rather boastful declaration of the sparrow, that he had killed Cock Robin, a large portion of mankind has believed that the sparrow, the English sparrow, should pay the full penalty for the crime, and his self-appointed judges and executioners have been legion. But he has lived and thrived in spite of them. Other crimes of many kinds have been charged against him in many countries; a price has been put on his head in this land of the free, and he has been declared an outlaw by state government and municipalities. The department of agriculture has fulminated its lightnings against him from Washington, and learned societies have thundered his doom. But every spring he chirps and twitters with renewed vigor, and mates and nests and grows in number amazingly. Now, however, the cable brings the news that he has been condemned in the house of his friends, in Merry England itself. Mr. William B. Tegetmeier, a naturalist of renown and an author whose word on scientific subjects carries great weight, has published a book about the sparrow, and in it declares that the bird is a pest, and that in England alone he inflicts damage which amounts yearly to millions of pounds streling. Through all his trials and during all the crusades against him the pert and chipper sparrow has had hosts of warm friends who have defended him gallantly and have met the onslaughts of his enemies with all the vigor and often with the bitterness of jealous partisans. But what can they say now? Found guilty by a judge in his own home, what remains but to pass the sentence of death upon him finally and forever? It seems clear that the confessed murderer of Cock Robin is doomed for good and all and that at last the sparrow must go. That looks simple and easy, but it isn't, for little Mr. Sparrow in answer to the condemnation, and the sentence of the court will simply cock his head on one side and ask: "Well, what are you going to do about it?" And his supreme confidence is justified by experience. Ever since he was first introduced into this country from his native heath, about fifty years ago, he has prospered and multiplied immensely in spite of all efforts to keep him in check, and against convulsions of nature and the machinations of "powers and principalities." The blizzard of 1888 came, and he was frozen by the tens of thousands. One storm in the summer of 1893 scattered dead sparrows through the city parks and in country lanes "as thick as leaves that strew the vales of Vallombrosa." Pot hunters have sought his life and sold him by thousands as reed birds. Small boys with air guns and pea shooters have been his scourge, and the man who spread nets under his roosting place at night and shook him down to death in hundreds has been his bane. But he has lived on and brought up his wonderfully increasing families year by year. Poison has been tried, but it was found that other birds and animals were hurt more than the sparrow, who just winked and passed by on the other side from the envenomed morsel. Boston has lately been stirred up against the sparrow. The American Society of Bird Destroyers, whose headquarters are there, and whose object it is to bring back native song birds which have been driven out by one means or another, has taken up the cudgels against the slayer of Cock Robin, and is carrying on a lively crusade against him. A petition thirty feet long was presented to Mayor Quincy, asking that steps be taken to exterminate the hated bird, and the mayor went into the work with a will. The method which is being tried in Boston to execute the condemned criminals is to destroy his nests and eggs, and the enemies of the bird hope for great results from the warfare. The Boston indictment against the sparrow includes his crimes against Cock Robin and other mild-mannered birds, whom he drives away with his vicious and nagging tactics, as well as his destructiveness to trees and shrubs and his general course as a public nuisance.—New York Herald.

Order may be heaven's first law, but it is earth's last realization

RACE WAR AT DARIEN, GA.

Much Anxiety Being Felt in the Town and Country.

NEGROES OUTNUMBER WHITES

5 to 1—The Arrest of Henry Delagel for Assault the Cause of the Outbreak—One Deputy Sheriff Killed and Another Wounded.

Darien, Ga., Special.—While all is quiet here now, Friday was a day of great anxiety and intense excitement among the white people. An outbreak by the negroes has been momentarily expected since the killing of John Delagel a negro, of Joseph Townsend, a prominent citizen and deputy sheriff of this county, Thursday night. Friday Sheriff Blount sent the following to Governor Candler:

"Please order Liberty Independent Troops to report to me, mounted, at once. Situation critical. One deputy killed and another wounded.

[Signed] "T. B. BLOUNT,
"Sheriff."

Colonel A. R. Lawton, late commander of the Second Georgia Regiment, United States Volunteers, also wired the Governor to send a quantity of carbines and supply of ammunition for the soldiers. Colonel Lawton was here to investigate the situation. After a conference with the officials he returned to Savannah. When the Governor received the message from Sheriff Blount he ordered Colonel Lawton to return, if necessary, and take command of the military. He is now here in that capacity and has enough men, it is believed, to easily handle the situation. The sheriff and his deputies continue to make arrests of the rioting negroes and the jail has a large number in it, notwithstanding the fact that the town boat Iris, left here Friday morning for Savannah with 25 rioters who had been arrested. This was a precautionary measure to prevent an attack on the jail by the negro friends of those imprisoned and to make room for those who have been arrested since the removal.

The situation here is regarded as critical, although with determined military control, it is thought that further trouble can be prevented. The negroes apparently have no leader upon whom they can rely. It is estimated that the negroes outnumber the white people in this part of Georgia five to one, and the whites are consequently apprehensive.

John Delagel, the negro who killed Deputy Sheriff Joseph Townsend and wounded Deputy Hopkins, Thursday night, cannot be found. He is the son of Henry Delagel, whose arrest for assault started the race war. The two deputies went to the house of Henry Delagel to arrest his two sons. John was found at the house and Townsend entered it. The negro made no remonstrance, but showed his willingness to accompany the officers. Hopkins, who was in the moonlight outside, was joined by Townsend and the two waited for the negro to come out. He came to the door and a negro woman, handing him a gun, he fired on the officers. Townsend died in a few minutes, and was brought to this place by Hopkins, who is badly wounded. The white people thought this would be a signal for attack and many slept on their arms all night. The negroes have remained sullenly silent up to this time, gathering in crowds and looking doggedly at the military and the officers of the law. The county officials have offered $500 reward for John Delagel, and Governor Candler will be asked to increase this amount.

The seventy-five members of the First Georgia, who were left here two days ago, when old man Delagel was taken to Savannah, are patrolling the town. All saloons are closed and the strictest order is maintained.

The Bank Clearings.

New York Special: The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,522,812,618; per cent. increase 22.1. Exclusive of New York, $536,139,532; per cent. increase 20.1.

Make Excellent Soldiers.

A battalion of Porto Ricans, now in the service of our government in Porto Rico, are said to make excellent soldiers.

Negro Regiments for Philippines.

Washington, D. C., Special.—Great pressure has been brought to bear on the administration to organize a colored regiment for service in the Philippines. The matter is still under consideration. It is reported that William P. Duvall, captain of the First Artillery (regulars), and lieutenant colonel of the Twenty-sixth Volunteers, will be made colonel of the regiment, if it is decided to raise the organization. It is also said that the lieutenant colonel and other field officers will be taken from the regular army, but that the company officers will all be colored men.

A Significant Request.

Washington, D. C., Special: Surgeon General Sternberg has received a cablegram from the director general of the army medical service of Great Britain, asking him for 300 copies of a publication called "Sanitary Lessons of the War." If this numebr could not be obtained, the director general asked authority to reprint the publication for the purpose of distributing it among the medical officers of the British army. The publication was read at the meeting of the American Medical Association, at Columbus, in June, 1899.

Vessels for Patrol Duty.

Washington, D. C., Special: The Marine hospital service has applied to the Navy Department for a suitable vessel to assist in the patrol of the Florida coast, to guard against the possible introduction of yellow fever and other contagious diseases. Surgeon General Wyman has been notified by acting Secretary Allen that the yachts Oneida at Norfolk, and Kanawaha at New York, are the only naval vessels available for that purpose. He suggested that the marine hospital authorities inspect these vessels to determine which of them is most suitable.

THE CAUCASIAN

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THE TEST OF MACHINE DE OCRACY.

Because the Asheville Gazette, a Democratic paper, has dared to oppose and denounce the infamous Simmons bull-pen election law, the News and Observer and other bull-pen organs have tried to read the Gazette out of the party. The Charlotte Observer is a pronounced gold paper, and a bitter opponent of Bryan, yet the News and Observer has never tried to read that paper out of the party. It did not do it in 1896, when the Charlotte Observer was caught in a conspiracy to try to defeat Bryan and turn the State over to McKinley, while pretending to support Bryan. Is it possible that stealing votes and stuffing ballot boxes is to be the test of Democracy? It will be as truly as Simmons and his machine run it.

IS IT A QUESTION OF COLOR?

The strongest point which the promoters of the Constitutional Amendment have been making is the claim that the amendment if ratified will not disfranchise a single white man; but that it will disfranchise the negroes. As this is the impression they are anxious to become fixed in the public mind, they should lose no time in calling in some of their writers and speakers who try to uphold the fairness of the amendment, by declaring that there is nothing discriminative about it as far as color is concerned. Mr. E. W. Pou, for instance, in a speech recently delivered at a "Constitutional amendment gathering" is reported in the press to have said.

It does not discriminate against "race, color, or previous condition of servitude." It does discriminate against incompetency, unfitness and inexperience in public affairs. Many of the Northern States have discriminated against these very things. Such laws have been held constitutional there; why not here?

Then according to Mr. Pou the Democrats who framed and are urging the amendment do not object to the color of the voter, they simply object to "incompetency unfitness and inexperience in public affairs." And when we consider that after 1908 the amendment tests apply to white as well as black it would be interesting just at this time to know by what standard Mr. Pou and the other Democratic politicians would judge competency fitness and experience. If as Mr. Pou says they do not object to color, we do not think we misjudge them when we says that in their opinion the town darkey who has a little education and would vote the Democratic ticket would be considered less inexperienced and more competent to cast a ballot than the white man who preferred to vote some other ticket.

Is this what Mr. Pou means?

SNOWED UNDER BY DEMOCRATS.

If it had not been for the secret opposition of the gold Democrats in the last campaign Bryan would now be President. There is no one familiar with the facts who will deny this, but it has been the policy of this class of so-called Democrats to try to cover this treachery up as much as possible in order to get a better hold upon the machinery of the party. And it is this attempt to cover up their stealth which gives the merit of frankness to the following short communication to the Richmond Times, a gold Democratic paper.

Though the writer's candor would have been still more commendable if he had fathered the communication by signing his own name.

SIR:—I would like to ask through your columns if William J. Bryan has the success of his party at heart, as the late James G. Blaine had the success of the Republican party at heart? Who will deny that Blaine could have had the nomination the second time? Yet, what did he say? "No, you Republicans fooled me once and you won't fool me again. Nominate a new man that all Republicans can support, and I will show Cleveland that he will take a back seat."

And did not Benjamin Harrison make him take a back seat in 1888?

Now, if William J. Bryan desires the success of his party why don't he do like Blaine and say: "No, the Democratic party snowed me and free silver under in 1896 to the tune of nearly 600,000 votes after one of the greatest campaigns ever made by any candidate."

But no, he seems bent on carrying the party to defeat again, as he will certainly do should he be the nominee, and on the silver platform.

A VIRGINIA DEMOCRAT.

Notice that he does not accuse the Republican party with defeating Bryan, but states what is well known, that the influence in the Democratic party, to which the writer no doubt contributed, "snowed him under to the tune of 600,000 votes," and this treachery has already been rewarded in many states by turning over the party machinery to the traitors.

We are indebted to Capt. R. B Davis for having discovered in Hon. F. D. Winston, the real leader of the Democratic party in this State, and the true hero of the mock-heroic Revolution into which we have been plunged. The founder of the "White Government Union" must be the man. We shall thank Capt. Davis if, in his next article, he will give us some proof of this. It is expected.

Hood's Pills

Are prepared from Nature's mild laxatives, and while gentle are reliable and efficient. They

Rouse the Liver

Cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, and Constipation. Sold everywhere, 25c. per box.

Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HONEST MEN REPUDIATE IT.

Goebel and his lieutenants in Kentucky do not deny that the Goebel election law is an infamous measure, designed to steal elections; but they justify it on the ground that if they do not steal some one else will. This is certainly a poor justification for a wrong; and, be it said to their credit, it does not even meet the approval of a considerable number of democrats who have already bolted the action of the Democratic convention and put up another candidate. Referring to the effect of the election law in influenceing this bolt, the Norfolk Landmark says:

"The truth of the matter is that it is the election law with which Mr. Goebel's name is identified that inspires so much hostility to his candidacy. It is generally understood that the law in question is one of the worst in the Union, and men in favor of fair elections, whether they are democrats or republicans or populists, are absolutely opposed to it. The situation in Kentucky simply furnishes one more evidence of the fact that all the party lashes in the world will not make sincere men indorse what they think dangerous and wrong.

Bear in mind that the election law which the last legislature of North Carolina passed is patterned after this Goebel Law.

"POPULISM PASSING" INTO CANADA.

Government ownership of Railroads is being agitated in Canada in connection with the policy of that government to develop the sections of Canada not now traversed by railroads. It is interesting to read the Parliament debates on this question. It is just such a fight as was before Congress when a clique engineered a deal for the building of the Pacific Railroads, by which the U. S. Government was allowed the privilege of paying for the construction of these roads, all other privileges together with reviews and other emoluments of the roads going to the favored few to whom the government gave the roads. And the same arguments are being used in Canada that were used here: Such patriotism upon the part of the self-sacrificing gentlemen who have engaged to construct the roads; they are anxious to develop the country, and in consideration of this patriotism upon their part, Canada should furnish the money to build the roads, and turn them over to these men. In this way Canada becomes thoroughly developed while at the same time the government escapes the odium of paternalism which would follow Government Ownership, etc., etc.

But there are not a few members who are straightout advocates of Government ownership, and it is interesting to note, though humiliating of course, that they back up their arguments in favor of government ownership by pointing to the supremacy of Railroads in this country under private management, and their control of legislation etc., as an object lesson to avoid the same evils in Canada.

Here is an extract from a speech of one of these advocates of government ownership which we think our readers will find interesting as showing that not only in the United States but elsewhere is this great principle coming to the front. Mr. W. F. McLean, (member East York) replying to a speech of the Premier opposing Government control and advocating the subsidy, said in part.

I stand here as one who has always and will believe in the Government ownership of railways. The leader of the Government will find that he has made a sad mistake in declaring, as he did this afternoon, that he did not believe in Government ownership or Government control of railways. The coming question of this country concerns railways and transportation.

He opposed the Government ownership of railways, and said that the people would not justify further experience on that account. I am willing to stake my reputation and any chance I have in the future on this line. I believe in the nationalization of railways and of all great public franchises; and in connection with the city government, I believe in municipalization of civic franchises. That is the coming principle in governments that are going to win, I think in the present, and certainly in the immediate future. People are tired of what has taken place in the past. The railways have become the masters, instead of the people being the masters of their own country. All over the world this progressive policy is attracting young men. I am in favor also of nationalization immediately of the telegraph system of this country; of the issue of notes which the banks now enjoy, and a great many other things.

Only the other day Lord Salisbury made an important deliverance in the Old Country. He said that the policy that would rule the higher politics of the world concerned all the railways, and the government that did not control the railways had hardly any future. And only the other day, the president of a great metal organization in Englan, speaking of the competition which the merchants and manufacturers of Great Britain are now forced to encounter throughout the world, said there was no relief for England except the nationalization of railways, and the reduction of the enormous freight rates.

Bismarck, when he undertook to consolidate and regenerate Germany, nationalized the railways. Australia has nationalized her railways: Italy has nationalized her railways. France has nationalized her system of railways. And all the world over that same principle is going on, and the people of those countries would not hear for a moment of the de-nationalization of those railways and turning them over to the control of companies.

Mr. McLean then dwelt at some length upon the tendency of corporations generally to usurp power and pointed to their success in this direction in the United States, saying the Government should endeavor to prevent monopolies getting such control of Canada.

If we are to learn anything from history he continued is that we ought to avoid creating these great monopolies and giving these immense franchises to them, and we ought to keep them for the people alone.

The people of the United States are simply overburdened by the supremacy of the great corporations there. They do not know how to get rid of them. They control the Legislatures, they control the great majority of the press. They are bound up together. They have organized great trusts and they are simply bleeding the people white. The same thing will happen in this country if we do not check it in time.

An instance of the discrimination of railroads was seen in the recent effort of the Governor of Nebraska on behalf of the people of Nebraska, to secure a rate for transporting the Nebraska regiment, stationed at San Francisco, from San Francisco to Nebraska. The rate for soldiers from San Francisco to the Missouri river prior to May, was $25 00 per man. In the case of the Nebraska regiment, the railroads demanded $37 50 per man, second class; while to the Minnesota troops they gave a rate of $30 30—$7 50 less, though the troops had to travel 250 miles further. The only way to provide against railroad discrimination is for the government to own the roads.

Since the retirement of Mr. Reed from Congress there has been some talk of changing the rules of the House of Representatives. The public should be much interested in the success of this plan, as under the present rules the Speaker has entirely too much control over legislation.

We are expecting to make some changes and improvements in the appearance of the CAUCASIAN. Another campaign is now nearing, and it is the purpose of the paper to take an active part in it.

"AN UNORGANIZED THIRST."

The old line Southern democrats are democrats only in name. If progress had to wait for them it would wait forever. They are democrats on the race issue, largely. They supported slavery and they are still slave holders in spirit. The democratic party can hope for noshing from them, except that their reverence for "regularity" will lead them to support the measures to which it is committed. The unpalatable truth about the old Southern politicians is that they are nothing but an unorganized thirst for office.—Jerry Simpson's Bayonet.

A DANGEROUS ELECTION LAW.

We do not believe that if the Democratic machine knew the amendment would take the "nigger" out of politics, it would favor it, or would vote it. Let it be as it may, the only hope for the machine, is in the Bull pen election law. There is more danger in the whites having their rights taken from them by the election law, than can possibly befall the "nigger" or any other party by the passing of the amendment. Take the "nigger" out of politics, and give the white man a free, fair chance at the ballot box, and North Carolina is anti- Democratic. We do not believe honest people will endorse the acts of that machine, if you could remove the "nigger" and they could for once be governed by reason and the principles of Christianity. Let every white man declare in his heart political and religious liberty. This is a sound and divine platform and one for which any man could die.—Times Mercury.

To Curtail the Peoples Power.

The worst evil that could come to this state would be that one political party, under the control of a clique of unscrupulous and ambitious politicians, should gain supremacy over it, with the power to make their "supremacy permanent." The danger of this evil is the issue of the coming campaign. People must reserve the power to punish unfaithful servants in public office. They cannot do that if these servants are henchmen of a political gang that is stronger than the people. The election law passed by the last legislature, especially in order to force the state to swallow the disfranchising constitutional amendment, and which itself will be an important issue in the campaign, is a measure that no honest political party, with faith in the people—the white people, if you please, for they have a majority in this state of a hundred thousand votes over the negroes—would think of passing. But it was not the Democratic party that concocted the election law nor the Constitutional Amendment it was the democratic managers of the last campaign in this state, a band of politicians that aim to make their supremacy—"white" supremacy, they call it—permanent, so that no effort of the people at the ballot box can dislodge them.—Asheville Gazette(Dem)

It Would

We notice in many of the State papers a movement for legalized Democratic primaries after the constitutional amendment is adopted. Without discussing the pros and cons of such primaries, would it not be well to first secure the adoption of the amendment before engaging in controversies over matters to come up after its adoption?—Statesville Mascot (Dem.)

It takes more religion to hold a man level in a horse trade than it takes to make him shout at a camp meeting, while the amount required to keep him straight financially, or politically, has not only never been found but never been even estimated.—Ex.

COLONIZATION OF THE NEGRO RACE. NO. 5.

THE ONLY RATIONAL HOPE FOR THE

Political, Social, and Industrial Renovation of North Carolina, and of the South. Will be Found in the Gradual Deportation and Settlement of the Afro-Americans, Upon Some Portion of the Public Domain, Outside the Limits of the United States, Where They Shall be Free to Govern Themselves, Under the National Protectorate.

Editor CAUCASIAN.]

Returning from the excursion which, in your last issue, I was tempted to make into the domain of current politics, I resume—and not without due apology—the discussion of Negro Colonization at the point where I had left it. And if the gentle reader has given me his attention, he must have learned that Franklin believed that the General Government had power to colonize these Negroes—that Jefferson contended that it ought to be done—that Clay insisted that it must be done—that Lincoln, with the tender of compensated emancipation, begged that it might be done—and that Grant showed how cheaply, and how easily, it could be done. They, one and all, lamented the importation of the Negro into this continent, and, still more, the increasing danger of his continuance here. Such were their views under every possible aspect of the subject. And now, fortified with their opinions, I feel that I may safely venture to particularize, and will attempt to show, in this paper, how the presence of the Negro has affected our Political Condition. And upon this point the the testimony, from every side, is abundant and concurrent.

For the Democratic party, on the one side, has proclaimed from the beginning, and still proclaims, that the introduction of the ignorant negro voter—we are left to infer, that the educated negro voter, such as White, and Young, and Dancy and Manly, is some thing different altogether, and a thing to be desired—has utterly corrupted the body politic, in all of its joints, and in all of its members. That it has brought about the disintegration, to some extent, of both of the old political parties, and more particularly of one of them, which of itself was the greatest calamity, that could have befallen this universe. That it has begotten the thing called Fusion—and in one instance with the very party that complains—and that this has produced diffusion, and that transfusion, and all together confusion confounded. And pointing to the present Coalition Government of this State, it has stigmatized it as the sum total of human villianies. It has spared no member of it, from Governor Russell down to J. M. Allen, but has accused them, one and all, of incompetency, imbecility, indirection, and dishonesty, and of evey other iniquity that is set down in the Catalogue of Crimes. And what is more it has tried, and is still trying, to prove its accusations. For the Smelling Committees of its Legislature have dug, and are still digging, into all the Deparments, with a zeal and industry which, I could wish, might have been rewarded with greater success. For, so far as I am informed, they have not succeeded, up to the present time, in unearthing any thing which had even the appearance of peculation, unless it should be a few paltry pilferings in the shape of "$4.00 per DIME, and expenses, for inspecting Carpets OFTEN laid."

The intelligent reader must perceive, that it would not help me, in the least, to deny or to extenuate any of these accusations, and that I ought to understand the subject that I am discussing far too well in all of its bearings, to do a thing like that. For it would only strengthen the argument I am making, if it could be made to appear that the accusations were all true. If, therefore, for the sake of my argument, I should admit that they are true, still, even then, only one-half of the whole truth would have been told. For it remains to enquire.—

What effect has contact, with the omnipresent Negro, had upon the Democratic party itself?

I hope that I shall be able to approach this inquiry in a spirit of becoming deference and timidity. For I must not forget, that the Democratic party of North Carolina claims to represnt the Supremacy, of all that is brightest and best, in political life, and that "whatsoever things are true, and whatsoever things are honest, and whatsoever things are just, and whatsoever things are pure, and whatsoever things are lovely, and whatsoever things are of good report;" (Phil. 4:8,) belong to it by right of prescription, and that it is only engaged, at present, in the laudable attempt to make them permanent. It, therefore, becomes a question, of the most curious import, to consider again and again.—

What has been the effect, of the presence of the irrepressible Negro, upon such a party as this?

Let us see: In 1875 this party called a Constitutional Convention, and having secured control of it—and just how that was done it is too late, now to enquire—it conferred absolute Manhood-Suffrage upon the Negro, and confirmed it with an oath, thereby making it, not merely a statutory privilege, but a constitutional right; and yet no sooner had it done this, than it proceeded, without loss of time, to hinder its exercise, in every peaceable way, until in the last campaign it challenged the right itself at the muzzle of the Winchester—that is to say, many Democrats did this, while the party itself connived, acquiesced, and condoned.

Again: This party, in like manner and form, assured to the Negroes "the right to assemble together to consult for their common good, to instruct their Representatives, and to apply to the Legislature for the redress of grievances," (Art. 1, Sec. 25), and yet, during the last session, when petitions were pouring in, for and against, the establishment of Ben Tillman's Dispensaries at Charlotte, Greensboro, Fayetteville, and many other places, no member of that body dared to offer one, that had the name of a single Negro upon it, just as if he was not as fond of bad liquor as any one of them!

And again: This same party, by its own constitutional guarantee, which should have been as inviolable as a Pragmatic Sanction, declared that "all elections ought to be free," (Art. 1, Sec. 10), and now to

(Continued on 3d page.)

CANCER IS DEADLY!

Results Fatally in Nine Cases Out of Ten—A Cure Found at Last.

This fearful disease often first appears as a mere scratch, a pimple, or lump in the breast, too small to attract any notice, until, in many cases, the deadly disease is fully developed.

Cancer can not be cured by a surgical operation, because the disease is a virulent poison in the blood, circulating throughout the system, and although the sore or ulcer—known as the Cancer—may be cut away, the poison remains in the blood, and promptly breaks out afresh, with renewed violence.

The wonderful success of S. S. S. in curing obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases which were considered incurable, induced a few despairing sufferers to try it for Cancer, after exhausting the skill of the physicians without a cure. Much to their delight S. S. S. proved equal to the disease and promptly effected a cure. The glad news spread rapidly, and it was soon demonstrated beyond doubt that a cure had at last been found for deadly Cancer. Evidence has accumulated which is incontrovertible, of which the following is a specimen:



MRS. S. M. IDOL.

"Cancer is hereditary in our family, my father, a sister and an aunt having died from this dreadful disease. My feelings may be imagined when the horrible disease made its appearance on my side. It was a malignant Cancer, eating inwardly in such a way as to cause great alarm. The disease seemed beyond the skill of the doctors, for their treatment did no good whatever, the Cancer growing worse all the while. Numerous remedies were used for it but the Cancer grew steadily worse, until it seemed that I was doomed to follow the others of the family, for I know how deadly Cancer is, especially when inherited. I was advised to try Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), which, from the first day, forced out the poison. I continued its use until I had taken eighteen bottles, when I was cured sound and well, and have had no symptoms of the dreadful affliction, though many years have elapsed. S. S. S. is the only cure for Cancer.—MRS. S. M. IDOL, Winston, N. C.

Our book on Cancer, containing other testimonials and valuable information, will be sent free to any address by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

HOW IT IS IN THE WEST.

Why the Bull-pen Machine Meeting at Old Fort Don't Break up in a Row.

Asheville Gazette.

The amendment press of the state has been hearing sighs of relief over the fact the barbecue at Old Fort was "successful." There was evidently a fear on the part of our Raleigh and Charlotte contemporaries that it would be a dead failure and the Wilmington Messenger doubtless expected it would break up in a riot. But we don't do things that way out here. The constitutional right of free speech is recognized in Western North Carolina, even on unpopular subjects, and whether a man talks sense or nonsense on the hustings, he can get an audience at a barbecue. After the speaking he is not waited on by a committee of business men and Winchesters to speed his departing. Our intelligence from Old Fort is that Locke Craig's oratory and the base ball game were the drawing cards, and the constitutional amendment was regarded as an offset to the square meal, something akin to bad air in a theater. The constitutional amendment is regarded by very many of our people as a sequel to the Wilmington riots; a "white supremacy" act arrayed in a red shirt, intended to kill off a certain number of negroes in the east, but loaded also—and this makes it of interest out here—to destroy an equal number of white voters in the west. There is a curiosity here to see the advocates of this last feature of the measure, but there is no desire to do them violence. The ballot is mightier than the shotgun in cases of this kind.

Rather a Good Rake-Off.

Mr. P. J. Moran, in an article in the Atlanta Constitution, says: "As an illustration of the manner in which the farmers of the country have lost heretofore, it is only necessary to repeat a statement recently made by Mr. Hester, of New Orleans, that out of an annual cotton receipt of one million three hundred thousand bales in that city over 37 thousand bales were made up out of samples which had been ruthlessly plucked from the bales by the men who handled them which should have gone into the parishes of Louisiana." Not the least merit of the American Cotton Company's Roundlap bale is that besides its other economies it prevents this unjust tribute from being levied on the farmer.

AN ACT OF THE LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

Bad whiskey and worse politics had a disgraceful effect on some of the Democratic members of the Legislature during the extra session, the other day. They had an old fashioned fist fight in the legislative hall. And not a single mention of the disgraceful scene have we seen in the Democratic papers. The participants in the fracas belonged to opposing factions of the party, and of course it might create much wider dissensions in the party for the Democratic papers to air this scrape in their columns.—Tribune (Ma.)

The Trend of Public Opinion.

The municipal ownership of public utilities such as waterworks, electric and gas light plants, etc., is beginning to be discussed in many of the larger cities of Europe and the United States and the trend of public opinion is that these essential public needs should be owned by the cities, and their benefits furnished to the people at the actual cost of operating them. From municipal ownership to Government ownership on a larger scale, is not a very long step, for the principle of public protection, in each proposition, is the same.—Ex.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work. This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to sickly, weakly, run-down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only fifty cents. Sold by all druggists.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill. makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at all drug stores. Only 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

People Pay the Freight.

It is rare indeed that one hears complaint concerning the freight charges on commodities other than the product of the soil. We find fault with the charges on strawberries; we turn red in the face when kicking against the rates on watermelons, but we are dumb as oysters about the exorbitant cost of transporting meats, groceries, hardware and dry goods. The reason for our silence is apparent.

The merchant adds freight charges, no matter how high, to the cost of his goods. The customer pays the freight when he make a purchase. It is a matter of indifference to the merchants, and hence the question of equitable freight rates is one that they do not deem worthy of serious consideration. The customer pays the bill.

It is because of their exemption from freight charges that merchants decline to form organizations looking to reforms in freight rates. It is simply because they bear no part of the burden that the attempt to form a merchant association a few months ago was such a dismal failure. Why should they endeavor to secure low freight rates when someone else pays the bill?

The interest of their customers should be sufficient incentive to prompt merchants to strive to secure more reasonable freight rates on merchandise. They should act on the principle that that the prosperity of their own thrift, and at the money the merchants save the customers through low freights will find its way back to their till for goods that decreased cost brings within reach of their patrons.—Mt. Olive Advertiser.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only postive cure now know to the medical traternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destorying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENNEY, Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c
Hall's Pills are the best.

COTTON-MILL TRUST.

To Control All America.. Factories—Capital, $150,000,000.

FALL RIVER, Mass, August 28.—Nelson Green is here today, representing a syndicate of New Yorkers, who seek control of all the cotton-mills of the country, on a capitalization of $150,000,000. Bankers who were in session here this morning with Mr. Green were told that local banking interest would not suffer by a trust such as he prosposed, for local management and local banking would be part of the plan.



WORN-OUT WOMEN

Most women are drudges. Some are willing, some are unwilling. Some women drudge for themselves, some for their family. Their routine is endless; no matter how ill they feel they work.

Women never half take care of themselves. Early decay and wrecked lives abound, mainly through neglect. Every woman should have the book called "Health and Beauty," which the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O., will mail on request. It tells women some easy things to do to protect health, and all about the virtues of Pe-ru-na for women's peculiar ills. Miss Lizzie Peters, Mascoutah, Ill., writes:

"I am perfectly cured of female weakness by taking Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I have gained thirty-seven pounds since I began taking Pe-ru-na. My friends are wondering what makes me look so bright and healthy. I would like to let the world know what a wonderful medicine Pe-ru-na is."

Woman's diseases are mainly catarrh of the pelvic organs. Pe-ru-na drives out every phase of catarrh.

Mrs. Eliza Wike, No. 120 Iron Street, Akron, O., writes:

"I would be in my grave now if it had not been for your God-sent remedy, Pe-ru-na. I was a broken-down woman, now I am well."

"A MONSTROUS ABSURDITY."

Many Good Democrats Opposed to the "Grand-son of His Grand-father" Constitutional Amendment Clause.

The correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, writing to that paper from Fayetteville, under date of March 4th, says:

The Observer correctly guages public sentiment in throwing out a word of warning against taking for granted the carrying at the ballot box of the suffrage constitutional amendment. It will require hard work from the rank and file and leaders of the party. There is certainly no cloud on the title of the Cape Fear Democracy to orthodoxy, but the writer is surprised at the number of leading Democrats whom he meets opposed to the amendment. The clause about the "grand son of his grandfather" is especially decried as a monstrous absurdity.

The suffrage amendment referred to above, which was adopted by the last Legislature, is as follows:

THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT.

Section 1. That Article VI of the Constitution of North Carolina be, and the same is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following Article of Said Constitution:

ARTICLE VI.

Suffrage and Eligibility to Office—Qualifications of an Elector.

Section 1. Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, 21 years of age and possessing the qualifications set out in this Article shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people in the State, except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 2. He shall have resided in the State of North Carolina for two years, in the county six months and in the precinct, ward or other election district, in which he offers to vote four months next preceding the election: Provided, That removal from one precinct, ward or other election district to another in the same county, shall not operate to deprive any person of the right to vote in a precinct, ward or other election district from which he has removed until after such removal. No person who has been convicted, or who has confessed his guilt in open court upon indictment, of any crime, the punishment of which is, or may thereafter be, imprisonment in the State prison, shall be permitted to vote unless the said person shall be first restored to citizenship in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 3. Every person offering to vote shall be at the time a legally registered voter as herein prescribed and in the manner hereinafter provided by law, and the General Assembly of North Carolina shall enact general registration laws to carry into effect the provisions of this Article.

Sec. 4. Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the Constitution in the English language; and, before he shall be entitled to vote, have paid, on or before the first day of March of the year in which he proposes to vote, his poll tax, as prescribed by law, for the previous year. Poll taxes shall be a lien only on assessed property, and no process shall issue to enforce the collection of the same except against assessed property.

Sec. 5. No male person, who was on January 1, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under the laws of any State in the United States wherein he then resided, and no lineal descendant of any such person; shall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in this State by reason of his failure to possess the educational qualifications prescribed in section 4 of this Article: Provided, He shall have registered in accordance with the terms of this section prior to Dec. 1, 1908.

The General Assembly shall provide for a permanent record of all persons who register under this section on or before November 1, 1908, and all such persons shall be entitled to register and vote at all elections by the people in this State, unless disqualified under section 2 of this Article: Provided such persons shall have paid their poll tax as required by law.

Sec. 6. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be viva voce.

Sec. 7. Every voter in North Carolina, except as in this Art. disqualified, shall be eligible to office, but before entering upon the duties of the office he shall take and subscribe the following oath: "I, ..., do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will support and maintain the constitution and laws of the U. S. and the constitution and laws of North Carolina, not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office as ..... So help me God."

Sec. 8. The following classes of persons shall be disqualified for office: First, all persons who deny the being of Almighty God. Second, all persons who shall have been convicted or confessed their guilt on indictment pending, and whether sentenced or not; or under judgment suspended, of any treason or felony, or any other crime for which the punishment may be imprisonment in the penitentiary, since becoming citizens of the United States, of corruption and malpractice in office unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 9. The act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Consumer's Guano Co.,

RALEIGH N. C.

W. S. BARNES,

General Manager.

Our brands are "Lemon Wrapper" Guano, "Farmers' Choice" Guano, "K" Guano and "B.B." Acid Phosphate. We sell to farmers direct and at farmers' prices. A home company and not in a trust. Our prices are low and goods not excelled.

Positions Secured . . .

We aid those who want government positions; 85,000 places under Civil Service rules: 8,000 yearly appointments. War creates a demand for 7,000 employees within 6 months.

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THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO
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FREE: $20.00 IN GOLD, Bicycle, Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or a Scholarship in Draughon's Practical Business College, Nashville, Tenn., or Texarkana, Tex., or a scholarship in almost any other reputable business college or literary school in the U. S. can be secured by ..., a little work at home for our Youths' Advocate, an illustrated semi-monthly journal, ... ding in character, moral in tone, and especially interesting and profitable to young people. ... at read with interest and profit by people of ... ages. Stories and other interesting matter ... ell illustrated. Sample copies sent free. Agents wanted. Address Youths' Advocate Pub. Co., Asheville, Tenn. (Mention this paper)

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

DROPSY CURED with vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases called hopeless in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms removed. Testimonials and TEN DAYS treatment free. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS Box K. Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM and Whiskey habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY CO. Atlanta, Ga. Office 106 Marietta Street

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. RELIABLE. LADIES ask your Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

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The 1899

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Bicycles.

A Most Attractive Wheel.

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3 inch drop to hanger,
Flat cranks, 2 pieces,
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Thumb Screw adjuster.
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Stand comparison,
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Are durable
Are high grade,
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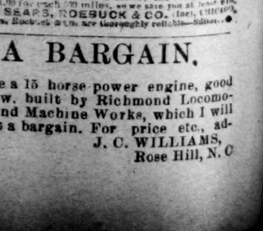
Wonderful value $50. We want an agent in every city or county.

THE SOUDAN MFG CO.,
488 Carroll Ave.,
CHICAGO ILL.

Memorial Cards.

Beautifully colored Memorial Cards 14x22 inches, name of Deceased in bronze. If you have had any dear relative to die and desire one of these cards, address Southern Memorial Co., Raleigh, N. C.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad. and we will send you the new 1899 pattern high grade ESSEXVILLE COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest stove bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the freight agent our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.50 less the $1.50 sent with order, or $12.00 and freight charges. This stove is size No. 8, oven is 18x20 inch, top is 42x32, made from best sheet iron, extra large heavy covers, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavily tinned oven door, handsome nickel plated ornamentations and trimmings, extra large duplex Standish nickel plated reservoir, handsome large ornamented base, best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE an extra wood grate, making it a perfect wood burner. WE ISSUE A BINDING GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your best dealer could not charge you $20.00 for such a stove; the freight is only about $1.00 for each 100 miles, so we give you at least $10. Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago, Ill. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable—Editor.)



WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE

ACME BIRD

A BARGAIN.

I have a 15 horse-power engine, good as new, built by Richmond Locomotive and Machine Works, which I will sell at a bargain. For price etc., address

J. C. WILLIAMS,
Rose Hill, N. C

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., ... Aug. 31,1899

RAILROADS RESPONSIBLE.

Prof. Adams of University of Michigan Says Discrimination is the Cause of Trusts.

ANN ARBOR, Aug. 21.—Prof. H. C. Adams of the University of Michigan, in an interview on the remedy for trusts, said the subject was too vast for a newspaper interview. "No statement representing the problem of trusts would be intelligible without reference to the railway abuses" said he. "A very considerable number of commercial trusts and combinations perhaps all illegitimate or undesirable associations of this class, would be withered and blown away in the breeze of healthful competition, were it not for the persistence of discrimination in railway rates. This is the principal evil in modern industrial society, and upon the fact that railways discriminate between shippers, rather than upon any other single fact that can be mentioned, rests the fabric of trusts and combinations. The solution of the railway problem is undoubtedly an essential step toward justice in commercial affairs."

DURING THE SUMMER season cramps come upon us unexpectedly; you should be prepared for an emergency of this kind, as otherwise you will suffer agony for hours. Keep a bottle of PAIN KILLER handy and go by the directions on the wrapper, it will surprise you how quickly relief will come. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c and 50c.

PLANS OF GOEBEL

All the Present Election Officers in Kentucky Will be Removed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 29.—It is announced by the managers of Goebel, regular Democratic candidate for Governor, today that every election officer in one hundred and nineteen counties will be removed September eleventh and new election officers then elected by Goebel's State board. This is pronounced by the Republicans and the bolting Democrats as the first move to steal the state for Goebel.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them, also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by all druggists.

Rioting Breaks Out Again.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 20—Rioting and disorder broke out to-night in connection with the strike on the lines of the Big Consolidated Street Railway, and four cars were nearly demolished, while the crews were compelled to flee for their lives. It was only after determined efforts on the part of thirty police under Captain Bradley, that order was finally restored.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at all drug stores.

Successor of Bland.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 29.—Incomplete returns received to-night from the Eighth Missouri district in which an election was held to-day to fill the unexpired term in Congress of Richard P. Bland, deceased, shows that Dorsey W. Shackleford, Democrat, has been elected over W. J. Vosholl, Republican, by 2,200 plurality. Complete returns cannot be had to-night.

"An Empty Sack Cannot Stand Upright."

Neither can poor, weak, thin blood nourish and sustain the physical system. For strength of nerves and muscles there must be pure, rich, vigorous blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard preparation for the blood and its many remarkable cures and the fact that it does everything good who takes it prove it is just what you need if you are weak and languid.

HOOD'S PILLS do not gripe. All druggists. 25c.

"I have but one vote," said an aged, thoughtful man, "and that vote, if I can get it into the ballot box, shall go for the ticket of the People's party, the only party that has at heart and aims to promote the welfare of the common people.—Ex.

If you are tired and dull, can't get rested, and have no appetite, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It enriches and vitalizes the blood.

It is now claimed by a London scientist that Adam was a colored man. If so, the fatal apple was a watermelon.

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McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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Only 10 and 15 cts. each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.,
138-146 West 14th St., New York.

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Browns' Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old-household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

ORGANIZATION OF THE NEGRO RACE, NO. 5.

(Continued from 2d page.

preserve their perfect freedom, it has given us an Election Law, that was framed by a gang of political pickpockets, with intent to commit theft of a whole State, and is such a thing as ought to make Goebel himself turn pale with envy, even if he did kill Sandford, and is running for the office of Governor in Kentucky, with a dirk in his pocket.

Furthermore: Upon the eve of the last election, when the issue hung in doubt, this party of Righteousness, in the person of Hon. Furnifold Maclennand Simmons, as its accredited organ, came before the public, and protested, with damnable iteration, that it had no purpose to disfranchise the humblest citizen in the State—that the utmost contemplated was a little piebald legislation, for the better government of the very few counties having negro majorities—that it stood now, as it had always stood, for Manhood-Suffrage pure and simple, and having been first to repeal all property and educational qualifications, it still held such things in utter abhorrence—it assured all poor white men, that they were not only secure themselves, but that out of the loving-kindness which it felt for them, it would take their LITTLE CHILDREN also into its tender guardianship—it counselled the too credulous Negro, not to be alarmed or deceived—as proof of its good intentions, and of its good faith, it appealed to its past record of twenty-two years of power—and as for the imputations and suspicions, that were being cast upon its word of honor, it branded them as falsehoods, as Scarecrows, and as BUGABOOS! Nay more, after the election was over, and the victory won, this party through the self-same accredited organ, had the effrontery to publicly thank the many deluded Populists and Republicans, who, trusting to its promises and its protestations, had united in giving it the victory. But mark what follows: The moment this party is reinstalled into power it brings forth, ready-made, a Suffrage Amendment that disfranchises 50,000 negroes, and endangers as many white men, and having just then no further need for the services of the dupes, and tools, and fools whom it might not be altogether safe to trust again, it excises them by a single stroke, of both tail and claw, and turns them loose in more helpless disfigurement than that of the oyster-feeding raccoons on Bald Head Island.

And now I ask, By what sort of moral obliquity? and more especially, by whose overmastering leadership? was this party, of great moral ideas, led to the commission of an act, the turpitude of which is only surpassed by its ingratitude? The answer to this question will be found in the speech that was delivered by

HON. FRANCIS D. WINSTON

in the House of Representatives upon the second reading of this Suffrage Amendment. He was himself the author of this portentous measure, and as such was given the distinction of closing the debate upon it. The orator was not unworthy of such a theme, and of such an occasion. The vote was about to be taken, and it was known that it would be close. Never before, I venture to say, in all our legislative history was there a moment of greater solemnity. A painful stillness pervaded the Hall such as precedes the perpetration of some dark tragedy.

When even a chiel could understand
The Diel had business on his hand.

As this Mirabeau of the Red-Shirts surveyed his audience, his imperious eye encountered in the face of Hon. D. B. McNeil, the upright member from Brunswick, and in the face of Hon. J. F. Reinhardtf the upright member from Lincoln, and in the faces of five other upright Democrats from the counties of Clay, Buncombe, Randolph, Moore and Pitt, a look of defiance that assured him that they, at least, could never be brought to bow the knee to Baal. Turning from them to others who cowered like spaniels under his lash, this self-elected member from the county of Bertie, and Mephistopheles of the House, may be said to have mounted to the zenith of satanic eloquence, when in the midst of his appeal to members, to violate the pledges upon which they had obtained their seats, he exclaimed—

I DO DECLARE THAT THE HOUR IS STRIKING WHERE IT HAS BECOME THE DUTY OF EVERY PATRIOT TO SINK HIS CONSCIENCE FOR THE BUBLIC GOOD.

I was among those who heard this Declaration as it fell from his inspired lips, and the hour has struck when I, in turn, must declare, that no where among the mottoes of suicides, or the maxims of highwaymen, or the blasphemies of atheists, is there to be found a sentiment more monstrous than this. And if these words have not already been inscribed on the banner of the Democratic party for the next campaign, it may not be too late to enquire, How is it possible that the public good should ever require any man, or party of men, to sink their consciences? or if that were possible, What amount of good, either public or private, could any man, or party of men, afford to take, in exchange for the damnation of their immortal souls? But it is enough to know, that this party-leader found no difficulty in sinking his own conscience, and that a sufficient number followed his example, to make the requisite majority—their reward will come later.

Abhorrent to every well-regulated mind, as must be a sentiment, so diabolical as this, it is nevertheless the one that has animated the pending Legislature, from the day of its organization to the hour of its adjournment, and I desire to thank the Hon. FRANCIS D. WINSTON, for having coined a phrase in which he has chrystalized its very essence. Other members of this legislature gave proof, as well as he, of the possession of the same happy faculty, although they made of it a different use. For when the impeachment of Judge Norwood was before the House, and was being made to turn upon the nice distinction between a Judge DE JURE and a Judge DE FACTO Hon. J. L. Davis of Haywood, is thought to have rescued his friend, by discovering a still finer distinction, which he denominated a Judge DE FUNCTO In like manner Hon. W. W. Hampton, of Surry, the leader on the Republican side of the House, rewarded the subserviency of the ebony member from Newberne, when he placed a chaplet upon the head of Isaac H Smith, and crowned him as "that Grand Old Democrat of Craven County."

And others besides these, at other times and in other places, have shown a like facility in the expression of a single, great idea Thus, Mr. Dennis Kearney, the Sand-Flat orator, a few years, ago, taught us how easily antagonistic parties, could be brought into harmonious fusion and co-operation, by simply "pooling their issues." In like manner, Judge Timothy Campbell of Tammany Hall, placed himself in the front of the constitutional lawyers of our time, by the question "Why should the Constitution be suffered to make trouble between friends"? And very recently, one, writing in defense of trust combinations, and more particularly of the method they have of victimizing the public by watering their stocks, completely dazzled our imaginations by telling us that they were only "capitalizing their supremacy" And in the way of alliteration, too, the Rev. Mr. Burchard, is remembered to have mortally wounded his friend Mr Blaine, by the untimely use of his 3 R's of "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion;" while Hon. A. M. Waddell is believed to have made a still more fatal use of his 4 C's, which being interpreted means "Choking, the Current of the Cape Fear, with Carcases."

And this last performance suggests the inquiry, Will the use of Dum-Dum Bullets be allowable in the next campaign? And is that the only solution, of our Political Relations, that the Democratic party will have to offer us? Those who have already "SUNK THEIR CONSCIENCES FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD" can best answer the questions.

R. B. DAVIS.

"A Little Spark May Make Much Work."

The little "sparks" of bad blood lurking in the system should be quenched with Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's great blood purifier. It purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood of both sexes and all ages. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, catarrh.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,

Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cts. per bottle.

Plenty of Markets and All Good.

North Carolina will have between forty and fifty leaf markets for 1999-1900, a greater number than any other State. They will be well distributed throughout the tobacco growing sections, and every farmer may sell his crop without having to haul it a long and weary distance None of these markets will handle less than a million pounds of tobacco, and the largest, Winston hopes to reach 25,000,000 pounds next year. Two or three others, will go beyond 10,000,000 pounds.—Ex.

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. If you want quick results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney trouble.
Address Dr Kilmer & Co. Binghamton N Y.

FOR BUYERS AND PLEASURE SEEKERS.

Half Fare Excursion to Philadelphia and Return by the Seaboard Air Line, Nicknamed "The Line of the People." Speaker Reed Resigns.

There will be speed, cheapness, comfort and elegance via the Seaboard Air Line, nicknamed—"THE LINE OF THE PEOPLE."

The journey will be made on the Solid Vestibuled S. A. L. Express and the Atlanta Special.

Buy your tickets from any Seaboard Air Line Agent either Sept. 1st, 2nd or 3rd—these tickets good for return until midnight of September 13th. or if you choose, until September 30th, upon deposit of tickets with the Joint Agent at Philadelphia.

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1. That the election for State and county officers shall be held on the first Thursday in August and every two years thereafter.

2. That there shall be a State board of elections composed of five persons elected by the Legislature for a term of two years.

3. That there shall be a county board of elections consisting of three persons, appointed by State board for a term of two years.

4. That the State Board of elections shall meet in Raleigh the first Monday in May, 1899, and organize by electing one of their number chairman and another secretary. Another meeting shall be held on the first Monday in April in each election year. Special meetings may be called when necessary. For their services the board shall receive four dollars appoint all registrars and judges of elections. Members of the county boards may be removed by the State board; and the county board in turn may remove any registrar or judge of election.

6. That county boards must meet not later than the first Monday in May for organization, and for dividing the counties into precincts and polling places.

7 That before the next general election there shall be an entirely new registration. Among questions to be asked applicant is "whether he has listed his poll for taxation for the current year in which he applies for registration, and for the year next preceding. And if any applicant shall falsely swear he has listed his poll for taxation, he shall be guilty of perjury and and punished as prescribed by law."

8. That the registration books shall be kept open twenty days and closed on the second Saturday before the election. On each Saturday during the period the registrar shall go to the polling place to register voters. On such days the books shall be open for inspection by the voters of the precinct. There shall be no no registering on election day, but voters may be challenged.

9. That on or before the first Monday in July the county board shall appoint two judges of election for each precinct.

10. That to prevent disorder as many as three special officers may be appointed by the registrars and judge of election.

11. That there shall be one ballot for all State officers, one for judges of different courts, one for members of General Assembly, one for county officers, and one for township officers. That all ballots for each of these classes of officers shall be the same size, on white paper and without device. The size of the ballot must be prescribed by the State board of elections. Tickets in the wrong box shall not be counted.

12. That the members of the several boards of election shall constitute the board of county canvassers, which shall meet at the court house second day after the election, canvass the returns, and declare the result at the court house door.

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Lv New York, Penn. R.R.	*11 00am	*9 00pm
Philadelphia	1 12pm	12 05am
Baltimore	3 15pm	2 50am
Washington	4 40pm	4 30am
Richmond, A. C. L.	8 56am	9 05am
Norfolk, S. A. L.	*8 30pm	*9 05am
Portsmouth	8 45pm	9 20am
Weldon	*11 28pm	*11 55am
Ar Henderson	*12 56am	*1 48pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Lv Raleigh	*2 16am	*3 40pm
Sanford	3 33am	5 05pm
So. Pines	4 23am	5 56pm
Hamlet	5 07am	6 56pm
Wadesboro	5 53am	8 10pm
Monroe	6 43am	9 12pm
Wilmington		*12 05pm
Charlotte	*7 50am	*10 25pm
Ar Chester	*8 03am	*10 56pm
Lv Columbia, C N & L R R		*6 00pm
Ar Clinton, S.A.L.	*9 45am	*12 14am
Greenwood	10 35am	1 07am
Abbeville	11 03am	1 35am
Elberton	12 07pm	2 41am
ar Athens	1 13pm	3 43am
Ar Winder	1 56pm	4 28am
Ar Atlanta (Central time)	2 50pm	5 20am

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 402.	No. 38.
Lv Atlanta (Central time)	*12 00n'n	*7 50pm
Lv Winder	2 40pm	10 40pm
Lv Athens	3 13pm	11 19pm
Elberton	4 15pm	12 31pm
Abbeville	5 15pm	1 35am
Greenwood	5 41pm	2 03am
Clinton	*6 30pm	*2 55am
Ar Columbia C. N & L. R. R.		*7 45am
Lv Chester, S. A. L.	*8 13pm	*4 25am
Ar. Charlotte	*10 25pm	*7 50am
Lv Monroe	*9 40pm	*6 05am
Hamlet	*11 15pm	8 00am
Ar Wilmington		*12 05pm
Lv So. Pines	*12 00am	9 00am
Raleigh	*2 16am	11 25am
Ar Henderson	3 28am	*12 57pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Ar Weldon	*4 55am	*2 45pm
Richmond A.C.L.	8 20am	7 35pm
Washington, Penn R.R.	12 31pm	11 30pm
Baltimore	1 46pm	1 08am
Philadelphia	3 50pm	3 50am
New York	*6 23pm	*6 53am

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Supersedes Time Table 7, of October 9, 1898, and all supplements thereto.

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS		5 Passenger daily. P. M.		3 Passenger Daily except Sunday P. M.
W Lv	Goldsboro*		5 20		3 40
	Bests	s	5 46	s	4 00
W	LaGrange*	s	5 49	s	4 09
	Falling Creek	s	6 00	s	4 20
W	Kinston*	s	6 12	s	4 32
	Caswell	f	6 21	f	4 46
Ar Lv	Dovert	s	6 30	s	4 55
W	Core Creek	s	6 42	s	5 07
	Tuscarora	f	6 54	f	5 19
	Clark's	f	7 00	f	5 2?
W Ar Lv	Newbern*	s	7 15 / 7 25	s	5 40 / 5 50
	Riverdale	f	7 50	f	6 15
	Croatan	f	7 53	f	6 18
	Havelock	s	8 05	s	6 30
W	Newport*	s	8 18	s	6 43
	Wildwood	f	8 24	f	6 49
	Atlantic	f	8 29	f	6 54
Ar Lv	Morehead City*	s	8 37 / 8 42	s	7 02 / 7 07
	Atlantic Hotel		....		....
W Ar	M. City Depot*		8 50		7 15
			P. M.		P. M.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS.		4 Passenger Daily except Sunday. A. M.		6 Passenger daily. A. M.
Ar	Goldsboro*		11 05		6 40
	Bests	s	10 43	s	6 18
W	LaGrange*	s	10 32	s	6 07
	Falling Creek	s	10 22	s	5 57
W	Kinston*	s	10 12	s	5 47
	Caswell		9 50	f	5 35
Lv Ar	Dovert	s	9 47		5 27
W	Core Creek	s	9 30	s	5 15
	Tuscarora	f	9 20	s	5 05
	Clark's	f	9 12	f	4 57
Lv Ar	Newbern*	s	9 00 / 8 37	s	4 45 / 4 37
	Riverdale	f	8 12	f	4 13
	Croatan	f	8 09	f	4 09
	Havelock	s	8 00	s	4 00
W	Newport*	s	7 46	s	3 46
	Wildwood	f	7 39	f	3 39
	Atlantic	f	7 35	f	3 35
Lv Ar	Morehead City*	s	7 27 / 7 22	s	3 27 / 3 22
	Atlantic Hotel		....		....
Lv	M. City Depot		7 05		3 05
			A. M.		A. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on signal.
*—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Aug. 1st, 1897.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.		No. 41 Daily.	1149
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 43	....	......	....
Ar Rocky Mount,	12 52	10 35	....		....
Lv Tarboro	12 12		....	......	....
Lv Rocky Mount,	12 52	10 35	....	5 45	12 45
Lv Wilson	2 06	11 16	....	6 20	2 12
Lv Selma	3 00	.....	....	......	.....
Lv Fayetteville	4 40	1 14	..	......	.....
Ar Florence	7 35	3 25	....	......	.....
	P. M.	A. M.			
Lv Goldsboro	.....	......	....	7 01	3 10
Lv Magnolia	.....	......	....	8 05	4 16
Ar Wilmington	.....	......	....	9 30	5 45
				A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily.		No. 32 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.	No. 48 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	8 45	....	8 15	......	...
Lv Fayetteville	11 20	....	10 20	......	....
Lv Selma	1 00	....	......	......	....
Ar Wilson	1 42	....	12 10	......	....
				P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington	......	.....	......	7 15	9 35
Lv Magnolia	......	.....	......	8 55	10 5
Lv Goldsboro	......	.....	....	10 10	11 5
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	1 42	....	12 15	11 20	12 47
Ar Rocky Mount,	2 33	....	12 53	11 57	1 20
Lv Tarboro	12 12	...	......	......	......
Lv Rocky Mount,	2 33	....	12 53	......	....
Ar Weldon	3 39	....	1 44	......	....
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 4:10 p. m., Halifax 4:28 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8.52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 1:00 p. m., arrive Parmele 6:10 a. m. and 2:40 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m., daily.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:05 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7:10 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:30 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 p. m., arrive Nashville 5:05 p. m., Spring Hope 5:30 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope [illegible] a. m., Nashville 8:35 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9:05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:15 a. m., and 4:10 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina R. R. for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk

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THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., ... Aug. 31, 1899

RAILROADS RESPONSIBLE.

Prof. Adams of University of Michigan Says Discrimination is the Cause of Trusts.

ANN ARBOR, Aug. 21.—Prof. H. C. Adams of the University of Michigan, in an interview on the remedy for trusts, said the subject was too vast for a newspaper interview. "No statement representing the problem of trusts would be intelligible without reference to the railway abuses" said he. "A very considerable number of commercial trusts and combinations perhaps all illegitimate or undesirable associations of this class, would be withered and blown away in the breeze of healthful competition, were it not for the persistence of discrimination in railway rates. This is the principal evil in modern industrial society, and upon the fact that railways discriminate between shippers, rather than upon any other single fact that can be mentioned, rests the fabric of trusts and combinations. The solution of the railway problem is undoubtedly an essential step toward justice in commercial affairs."

DURING THE SUMMER season cramps come upon us unexpectedly; you should be prepared for an emergency of this kind, as otherwise you will suffer agony for hours. Keep a bottle of PAIN KILLER handy and go by the directions on the wrapper, it will surprise you how quickly relief will come. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c and 50c.

PLANS OF GOEBEL

All the Present Election Officers in Kentucky Will be Removed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 29.—It is announced by the managers of Goebel, regular Democratic candidate for Governor, today that every election officer in one hundred and nineteen counties will be removed September eleventh and new election officers then elected by Goebel's State board. This is pronounced by the Republicans and the bolting Democrats as the first move to steal the state for Goebel.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them, also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by all druggists.

Rioting Breaks Out Again.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 20—Rioting and disorder broke out to-night in connection with the strike on the lines of the Big Consolidated Street Railway, and four cars were nearly demolished, while the crews were compelled to flee for their lives. It was only after determined efforts on the part of thirty police under Captain Bradley, that order was finally restored.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at all drug stores.

Successor of Bland.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 29.—Incomplete returns received to-night from the Eighth Missouri district in which an election was held to-day to fill the unexpired term in Congress of Richard P. Bland, deceased, shows that Dorsey W. Shackleford, Democrat, has been elected over W. J. Vosholl, Republican, by 2,200 plurality. Complete returns cannot be had to-night.

"An Empty Sack Cannot Stand Upright."

Neither can poor, weak, thin blood nourish and sustain the physical system. For strength of nerves and muscles there must be pure, rich, vigorous blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard preparation for the blood and its many remarkable cures and the fact that it does everything good who takes it prove it is just what you need if you are weak and languid.

HOOD'S PILLS do not gripe. All druggists. 25c.

"I have but one vote," said an aged, thoughtful man, "and that vote, if I can get it into the ballot box, shall go for the ticket of the People's party, the only party that has at heart and aims to promote the welfare of the common people.—Ex.

If you are tired and dull, can't get rested, and have no appetite, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It enriches and vitalizes the blood.

It is now claimed by a London scientist that Adam was a colored man. If so, the fatal apple was a watermelon.

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ORGANIZATION OF THE NEGRO RACE, NO. 5.

(Continued from 2d page.

preserve their perfect freedom, it has given us an Election Law, that was framed by a gang of political pickpockets, with intent to commit theft of a whole State, and is such a thing as ought to make Goebel himself turn pale with envy, even if he did kill Sandford, and is running for the office of Governor in Kentucky, with a dirk in his pocket.

Furthermore: Upon the eve of the last election, when the issue hung in doubt, this party of Righteousness, in the person of Hon. Furnifold Maclennand Simmons, as its accredited organ, came before the public, and protested, with damnable iteration, that it had no purpose to disfranchise the humblest citizen in the State—that the utmost contemplated was a little piebald legislation, for the better government of the very few counties having negro majorities—that it stood now, as it had always stood, for Manhood-Suffrage pure and simple, and having been first to repeal all property and educational qualifications, it still held such things in utter abhorrence—it assured all poor white men, that they were not only secure themselves, but that out of the loving-kindness which it felt for them, it would take their LITTLE CHILDREN also into its tender guardianship—it counselled the too credulous Negro, not to be alarmed or deceived—as proof of its good intentions, and of its good faith, it appealed to its past record of twenty-two years of power—and as for the imputations and suspicions, that were being cast upon its word of honor, it branded them as falsehoods, as Scarecrows, and as BUGABOOS! Nay more, after the election was over, and the victory won, this party through the self-same accredited organ, had the effrontery to publicly thank the many deluded Populists and Republicans, who, trusting to its promises and its protestations, had united in giving it the victory. But mark what follows: The moment this party is reinstalled into power it brings forth, ready-made, a Suffrage Amendment that disfranchises 50,000 negroes, and endangers as many white men, and having just then no further need for the services of the dupes, and tools, and fools whom it might not be altogether safe to trust again, it excises them by a single stroke, of both tail and claw, and turns them loose in more helpless disfigurement than that of the oyster-feeding raccoons on Bald Head Island.

And now I ask, By what sort of moral obliquity? and more especially, by whose overmastering leadership? was this party, of great moral ideas, led to the commission of an act, the turpitude of which is only surpassed by its ingratitude? The answer to this question will be found in the speech that was delivered by

HON. FRANCIS D. WINSTON

in the House of Representatives upon the second reading of this Suffrage Amendment. He was himself the author of this portentous measure, and as such was given the distinction of closing the debate upon it. The orator was not unworthy of such a theme, and of such an occasion. The vote was about to be taken, and it was known that it would be close. Never before, I venture to say, in all our legislative history was there a moment of greater solemnity. A painful stillness pervaded the Hall such as precedes the perpetration of some dark tragedy.

When even a chiel could understand
The Diel had business on his hand.

As this Mirabeau of the Red-Shirts surveyed his audience, his imperious eye encountered in the face of Hon. D. B. McNeil, the upright member from Brunswick, and in the face of Hon. J. F. Reinhardtf the upright member from Lincoln, and in the faces of five other upright Democrats from the counties of Clay, Buncombe, Randolph, Moore and Pitt, a look of defiance that assured him that they, at least, could never be brought to bow the knee to Baal. Turning from them to others who cowered like spaniels under his lash, this self-elected member from the county of Bertie, and Mephistopheles of the House, may be said to have mounted to the zenith of satanic eloquence, when in the midst of his appeal to members, to violate the pledges upon which they had obtained their seats, he exclaimed—

I DO DECLARE THAT THE HOUR IS STRIKING WHERE IT HAS BECOME THE DUTY OF EVERY PATRIOT TO SINK HIS CONSCIENCE FOR THE BUBLIC GOOD.

I was among those who heard this Declaration as it fell from his inspired lips, and the hour has struck when I, in turn, must declare, that no where among the mottoes of suicides, or the maxims of highwaymen, or the blasphemies of atheists, is there to be found a sentiment more monstrous than this. And if these words have not already been inscribed on the banner of the Democratic party for the next campaign, it may not be too late to enquire, How is it possible that the public good should ever require any man, or party of men, to sink their consciences? or if that were possible, What amount of good, either public or private, could any man, or party of men, afford to take, in exchange for the damnation of their immortal souls? But it is enough to know, that this party-leader found no difficulty in sinking his own conscience, and that a sufficient number followed his example, to make the requisite majority—their reward will come later.

Abhorrent to every well-regulated mind, as must be a sentiment, so diabolical as this, it is nevertheless the one that has animated the pending Legislature, from the day of its organization to the hour of its adjournment, and I desire to thank the Hon. FRANCIS D. WINSTON, for having coined a phrase in which he has chrystalized its very essence. Other members of this legislature gave proof, as well as he, of the possession of the same happy faculty, although they made of it a different use. For when the impeachment of Judge Norwood was before the House, and was being made to turn upon the nice distinction between a Judge DE JURE and a Judge DE FACTO Hon. J. L. Davis of Haywood, is thought to have rescued his friend, by discovering a still finer distinction, which he denominated a Judge DE FUNCTO In like manner Hon. W. W. Hampton, of Surry, the leader on the Republican side of the House, rewarded the subserviency of the ebony member from Newberne, when he placed a chaplet upon the head of Isaac H Smith, and crowned him as "that Grand Old Democrat of Craven County."

And others besides these, at other times and in other places, have shown a like facility in the expression of a single, great idea Thus, Mr. Dennis Kearney, the Sand-Flat orator, a few years ago, taught us how easily antagonistic parties could be brought into harmonious fusion and co-operation, by simply "pooling their issues." In like manner, Judge Timothy Campbell of Tammany Hall, placed himself in the front of the constitutional lawyers of our time, by the question "Why should the Constitution be suffered to make trouble between friends"? And very recently, one, writing in defense of trust combinations, and more particularly of the method they have of victimizing the public by watering their stocks, completely dazzled our imaginations by telling us that they were only "capitalizing their supremacy." And in the way of alliteration, too, the Rev. Mr. Burchard, is remembered to have mortally wounded his friend Mr Blaine, by the untimely use of his 3 R's of "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion;" while Hon. A. M. Waddell is believed to have made a still more fatal use of his 4 C's, which being interpreted meant "Choking, the Current of the Cape Fear, with Carcases."

And this last performance suggests the inquiry, Will the use of Dum-Dum Bullets be allowable in the next campaign? And is that the only solution, of our Political Relations, that the Democratic party will have to offer us? Those who have already "SUNK THEIR CONSCIENCES FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD" can best answer the questions.

R. B. DAVIS.

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The little "sparks" of bad blood lurking in the system should be quenched with Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's great blood purifier. It purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood of both sexes and all ages. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, catarrh.

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If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

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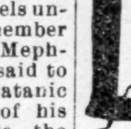
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The recent Legislature repealed the non-partisan election laws of 1895 and 1897, which guaranteed to every party the right to be represented on election boards by election officers of their own choosing, and enacted an election law more vicious than infamous Simmons Bull-Pen Election law that was in force before 1895.

The leading provisions of this law as published by the Raleigh News & Observer are as follows:

1. That the election for State and county officers shall be held on the first Thursday in August and every two years thereafter.

2. That there shall be a State board of elections composed of five persons elected by the Legislature for a term of two years.

3. That there shall be a county board of elections consisting of three persons, appointed by State board for a term of two years.

4. That the State Board of elections shall meet in Raleigh the first Monday in May, 1899, and organize by electing one of their number chairman and another secretary. Another meeting shall be held on the first Monday in April in each election year. Special meetings may be called when necessary. For their services the board shall receive four dollars appoint all registrars and judges of elections. Members of the county boards may be removed by the State board; and the county board in turn may remove any registrar or judge of election.

6. That county boards must meet not later than the first Monday in May for organization, and for dividing the counties into precincts and polling places.

7 That before the next general election there shall be an entirely new registration. Among questions to be asked applicant is "whether he has listed his poll for taxation for the current year in which he applies for registration, and for the year next preceding. And if any applicant shall falsely swear he has listed his poll for taxation, he shall be guilty of perjury and and punished as prescribed by law."

8. That the registration books shall be kept open twenty days and closed on the second Saturday before the election. On each Saturday during the period the registrar shall go to the polling place to register voters. On such days the books shall be open for inspection by the voters of the precinct. There shall be no no registering on election day, but voters may be challenged.

9. That on or before the first Monday in July the county board shall appoint two judges of election for each precinct.

10. That to prevent disorder as many as three special officers may be appointed by the registrars and judge of election.

11. That there shall be one ballot for all State officers, one for judges of different courts, one for members of General Assembly, one for county officers, and one for township officers. That all ballots for each of these classes of officers shall be the same size, on white paper and without device. The size of the ballot must be prescribed by the State board of elections. Tickets in the wrong box shall not be counted.

12. That the members of the several boards of election shall constitute the board of county canvassers, which shall meet at the court house second day after the election, canvass the returns, and declare the result at the court house door.

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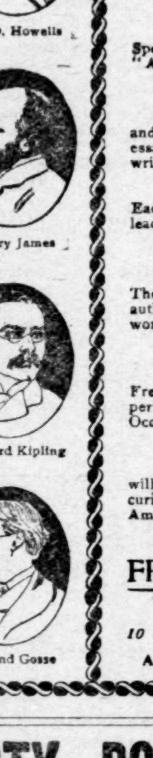
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Carriston's Gift. A Novel. By Hugh Conway.
A Playwright's Daughter. A Novel. By Mrs. Annie Edwards.
Hesperia; or, The Lighthouse Star. A Novel. By M. T. Caldor.
A Shadow on the Threshold. A Novel. By Mary Cecil Hay.
Ingledew House. A Novel. By Charlotte M. Braeme.
Henry Arkell. A Novel. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
Out of the Depths. A Novel. By Hugh Conway.
Page Ninety-Two. A Novel. By Mary Cecil Hay.
A Queen Amongst Women. A Novel. By Charlotte M. Braeme.
A Vagabond Heroine. A Novel. By Mrs. Annie Edwards.
The Blatchford Bequest. A Novelette. By Hugh Conway.
The Treasure of Franchard. A Novel. By Robert Louis Stevenson.
The Fatal Lilies. A Novel. By Charlote M. Braeme.
Perry and the Prophet. A Novel. By Wilkie Collins.
Derrick Vaughan, Novelist. A Novel. By Edna Lyall.
He Went for a Soldier. A Novel. By John Strange Winter.
Thorneycroft Grange. A Novel. By Rett Winwood.
The Mystery of the Headlands. A Novel. By Etta W. Pierce.
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	No. 403.	No. 41.
Lv New York, Penn.R.R	*11 00am	*9 00pm
Philadelphia	1 12pm	12 05am
Baltimore	3 15pm	2 50am
Washington	4 40pm	4 30am
Richmond, A. C. L.	8 56am	9 05am
Norfolk, S. A. L.	*8 30pm	*9 05am
Portsmouth	8 45pm	9 20am
Weldon	*11 28pm	*11 55am
Ar Henderson	*12 56am	*1 48pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Lv Raleigh	*2 16am	*3 40pm
Sanford	3 33am	5 05pm
So. Pines	4 23am	5 58pm
Hamlet	5 07am	6 56pm
Wadesboro	5 53am	8 10pm
Monroe	6 43am	9 12pm
Wilmington		*12 05pm
Charlotte	*7 50am	*10 25pm
Ar Chester	*8 03am	*10 56pm
Lv Columbia, C N & L R R		*6 00pm
Ar Clinton, S.A.L.	*9 45am	*12 14am
Greenwood	10 35am	1 07am
Abbeville	11 03am	1 35am
Elberton	12 07pm	2 41am
Ar Athens	1 13pm	3 43am
Ar Winder	1 56pm	4 28am
Ar Atlanta (Central time)	2 50pm	5 20am

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 402.	No. 38.
Lv Atlanta (Central time)	*12 00n'n	*7 50pm
Lv Winder	2 40pm	10 40pm
Lv Athens	3 13pm	11 19pm
Elberton	4 15pm	12 31pm
Abbeville	5 15pm	1 35am
Greenwood	5 41pm	2 03am
Clinton	*6 30pm	*2 55am
Ar Columbia C. N & L. R. R.		*7 45am
Lv Chester, S. A. L.	*8 13pm	*4 25am
Ar. Charlotte	*10 25pm	*7 50am
Lv Monroe	*9 40pm	*6 05am
Hamlet	*11 15pm	8 00am
Ar Wilmington		*12 05pm
Lv So. Pines	*12 00am	9 00am
Raleigh	*2 16am	11 25am
Ar Henderson	3 28am	*12 57pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Ar Weldon	*4 55am	*2 45pm
Richmond A.C.L.	8 20am	7 35pm
Washington, Penn R.R.	12 31pm	11 30pm
Baltimore	1 46pm	1 08am
Philadelphia	3 50pm	3 50am
New York	*6 23pm	*6 53am

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The way to the seaside is by the Seaboard Air Line. Saturday and Sunday excursions from May 20th to September 24th to Virginia Beach Ocean View and Old Point Comfort, round trip $3 50 via the Seaboard Air Line. Tickets will be on sale

COTTON is and will continue to be *the* money crop of the South. The planter who gets the most cotton from a given area at the least cost, is the one who makes the most money. Good cultivation, suitable rotation, and liberal use of fertilizers containing at least 3% actual

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We will send Free, upon application, pamphlets that will interest every cotton planter in the South.

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A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE 8.

To take effect Monday June 26, 1899, at 5:20 P. M., at Goldsboro.

Supersedes Time Table 7, of October 9, 1898, and all supplements thereto.

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS		5 Passenger daily. P. M.		3 Passenger Daily except Sunday P. M.
W Lv	Goldsboro*		5 20		3 40
	Bests	s	5 46	s	4 00
W	LaGrange*	s	5 49	s	4 09
	Falling Creek	s	6 00	s	4 20
W	Kinston*	s	6 12	s	4 32
	Caswell	f	6 21	f	4 46
Ar Lv	Dovert	s	6 30	s	4 55
W	Core Creek	s	6 42	s	5 07
	Tuscarora	f	6 54	f	5 19
	Clark's	f	7 00	f	5 22
W Ar Lv	Newbern*	s	7 15 / 7 25	s	5 40 / 5 50
	Riverdale	f	7 50	f	6 15
	Croatan	f	7 53	f	6 18
	Havelock	s	8 05	s	6 30
W	Newport*	s	8 18	s	6 43
	Wildwood	f	8 24	f	6 49
	Atlantic	f	8 29	f	6 54
Ar Lv	Morehead City*	s	8 37 / 8 42	s	7 02 / 7 07
	Atlantic Hotel		....		....
W Ar	M. City Depot*		8 50		7 15
			P. M.		P. M.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS.		4 Passenger Daily except Sunday. A. M.		6 Passenger daily. A. M.
Ar	Goldsboro*		11 05		6 40
	Bests	s	10 43	s	6 18
W	LaGrange*	s	10 32	s	6 07
	Falling Creek	s	10 22	s	5 57
W	Kinston*	s	10 12	s	5 47
	Caswell		9 50	f	5 35
Lv Ar	Dovert	s	9 42		5 27
W	Core Creek	s	9 30	s	5 15
	Tuscarora	s	9 20	s	5 05
	Clark's	f	9 12	f	4 57
Lv Ar	Newbern*	s	9 00 / 8 37	s	4 45 / 4 37
	Riverdale	f	8 12	f	4 13
	Croatan	f	8 09	f	4 09
	Havelock	s	8 00	s	4 00
W	Newport*	s	7 46	s	3 46
	Wildwood	f	7 39	f	3 39
	Atlantic	f	7 35	f	3 35
Lv Ar	Morehead City*	s	7 27 / 7 22	s	3 2[illegible] / 3 21
	Atlantic Hotel		....		....
Lv	M. City Depot		7 05		3 05
			A. M.		A. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on signal.
*—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.
S. L. DILL, Supt.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. AND BRANCHES. AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Aug. 1st, 1897.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.		No. 41 Daily.	1149
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 43	....	....	....
Ar Rocky Mount	12 52	10 35	....	....	....
Lv Tarboro	12 12				
Lv Rocky Mount	12 52	10 35	....	5 45	12 45
Lv Wilson	2 06	11 16	....	6 20	2 12
Lv Selma	3 00				
Lv Fayetteville	4 40	1 14			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 25			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Lv Goldsboro	....	....	....	7 01	3 10
Lv Magnolia	....	....	....	8 06	4 16
Ar Wilmington	....	....	....	9 30	5 45
				A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily.		No. 32 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.	No. 48 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	8 45	....	8 15	....	....
Lv Fayetteville	11 20	....	10 20	....	....
Lv Selma	1 00	....		....	....
Ar Wilson	1 42	....	12 10	....	....
				P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington	....	....	....	7 15	9 35
Lv Magnolia	....	....	....	8 55	10 5
Lv Goldsboro	....	....	....	10 10	11 5
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	1 42	....	12 15	11 20	12 47
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	....	12 53	11 57	1 29
Lv Tarboro	12 12	....			
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	....	12 53	....	....
Ar Weldon	3 39	....	1 44	....	....
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 4:10 p. m., Halifax 4:28 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8.52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 1:00 p. m., arrive Parmele 6:10 a. m. and 2:40 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m., daily.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:05 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7:10 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:30 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 p. m., arrive Nashville 5:05 p. m., Spring Hope 5:30 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 8:00 a. m., Nashville 8:35 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9:05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:15 a. m., and 4:10 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina R. R. for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agt.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Man.
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STOP CHEWING

NO-TO-BAC ... your own druggist will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., ... Aug. 31, 1899

RAILROADS RESPONSIBLE.

Prof. Adams of University of Michigan Says Discrimination is the Cause of Trusts.

ANN ARBOR, Aug. 21—Prof. H C. Adams of the University of Michigan, in an interview on the remedy for trusts, said the subject was too vast for a newspaper interview. "No statement representing the problem of trusts would be intelligible without reference to the railway abuses" said he. "A very considerable number of commercial trusts and combinations perhaps all illegitimate or undesirable associations of this class, would be withered and blown away in the breeze of healthful competition, were it not for the persistence of discrimination in railway rates. This is the principal evil in modern industrial society, and upon the fact that railways discriminate between shippers, rather than upon any other single fact that can be mentioned, rests the fabric of trusts and combinatigos. The solution of the railway problem is undoubtedly an essential step toward justice in commercial affairs."

DURING THE SUMMER season cramps come upon us unexpectedly; you should be prepared for an emergency of this kind, as otherwise you will suffer agony for hours. Keep a bottle of PAIN KILLER handy and go by the directions on the wrapper, it will surprise you how quickly relief will come. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c and 50c.

PLANS OF GOEBEL

All the Present Election Officers in Kentucky Will be Removed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 29.—It is announced by the managers of Goebel, regular Democratic candidate for Governor, today that every election officer in one hundred and nineteen counties will be removed September eleventh and new election officers then elected by Goebel's State board. This is pronounced by the Republicans and the bolting Democrats as the first move to steal the state for Goebel.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them, also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by all druggists.

Rioting Breaks Out Again.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 20.—Rioting and disorder broke out to-night in connection with the strike on the lines of the Big Consolidated Street Railway, and four cars were nearly demolished, while the crews were compelled to flee for their lives. It was only after determined efforts on the part of thirty police under Captain Bradley, that order was finally restored.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at all drug stores.

Successor of Bland.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 29.—Incomplete returns received to-night from the Eighth Missouri district in which an election was held to-day to fill the unexpired term in Congress of Richard P. Bland, deceased, shows that Dorsey W. Shackleford, Democrat, has been elected over W. J. Vosholl, Republican, by 2,200 plurality. Complete returns cannot be had to-night.

"An Empty Sack Cannot Stand Upright."

Neither can poor, weak, thin blood nourish and sustain the physical system. For strength of nerves and muscles there must be pure, rich, vigorous blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard preparation for the blood and its many remarkable cures and the fact that it does everything good who takes it prove it is just what you need if you are weak and languid.

HOOD'S PILLS do not gripe. All druggists. 25c.

"I have but one vote," said an aged, thoughtful man, "and that vote, if I can get it into the ballot box, shall go for the ticket of the People's party, the only party that has at heart and aims to promote the welfare of the common people.—Ex.

If you are tired and dull, can't get rested, and have no appetite, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It enriches and vitalizes the blood.

It is now claimed by a London scientist that Adam was a colored man. If so, the fatal apple was a watermelon.



An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Browns' Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

ORGANIZATION OF THE NEGRO RACE, NO. 5.

(Continued from 2d page.)

preserve their perfect freedom, it has given us an Election Law, that was framed by a gang of political pickpockets, with intent to commit theft of a whole State, and is such a thing as ought to make Goebel himself turn pale with envy, even if he did kill Sandford, and is running for the office of Governor in Kentucky, with a dirk in his pocket.

Furthermore: Upon the eve of the last election, when the issue hung in doubt, this party of Righteousness, in the person of Hon. Furnifold Maclennand Simmons, as its accredited organ, came before the public, and protested, with damnable iteration, that it had no purpose to disfranchise the humblest citizen in the State—that the utmost contemplated was a little piebald legislation, for the better government of the very few counties having negro majorities—that it stood now, as it had always stood, for Manhood-Suffrage pure and simple, and having been first to repeal all property and educational qualifications, it still held such things in utter abhorrence—it assured all poor white men, that they were not only secure themselves, but that out of the loving-kindness which it felt for them, it would take their LITTLE CHILDREN also into its tender guardianship—It counselled the too credulous Negro, not to be alarmed or deceived—as proof of its good intentions, and of its good faith, it appealed to its past record of twenty-two years of power—and as for the imputations and suspicions, that were being cast upon its word of honor, it branded them as falsehoods, as Scarecrows, and as BUGABOOS! Nay more, after the election was over, and the victory won, this party through the self-same accredited organ, had the effrontery to publicly thank the many deluded Populists and Republicans, who, trusting to its promises and its protestations, had united in giving it the victory. But mark what follows: The moment this party is reinstalled into power it brings forth, ready-made, a Suffrage Amendment that disfranchises 50,000 negroes, and endangers as many white men, and having just then no further need for the services of the dupes, and tools, and fools whom it might not be altogether safe to trust again, it excises them by a single stroke, of both tail and claw, and turns them loose in more helpless disfigurement than that of the oyster-feeding raccoons on Bald Head Island.

And now I ask, By what sort of moral obliquity? and more especially, by whose overmastering leadership? was this party, of great moral ideas, led to the commission of an act, the turpitude of which is only surpassed by its ingratitude? The answer to this question will be found in the speech that was delivered by

HON. FRANCIS D. WINSTON

in the House of Representatives upon the second reading of this Suffrage Amendment. He was himself the author of this portentous measure, and as such was given the distinction of closing the debate upon it. The orator was not unworthy of such a theme, and of such an occasion. The vote was about to be taken, and it was known that it would be close. Never before, I venture to say, in all our legislative history was there a moment of greater solemnity. A painful stillness pervaded the Hall such as precedes the perpetration of some dark tragedy.

When even a chiel could understand
The Diel had business on his hand.

As this Mirabeau of the Red-Shirts surveyed his audience, his imperious eye encountered in the face of Hon. D. B. McNeil, the upright member from Brunswick, and in the face of Hon. J. F. Reinhardtf the upright member from Lincoln, and in the faces of five other upright Democrats from the counties of Clay, Buncombe, Randolph, Moore and Pitt, a look of defiance that assured him that they, at least, could never be brought to bow the knee to Baal. Turning from them to others who cowered like spaniels under his lash, this self-elected member from the county of Bertie, and Mephistopheles of the House, may be said to have mounted to the zenith of satanic eloquence, when in the midst of his appeal to members, to violate the pledges upon which they had obtained their seats, he exclaimed—

I DO DECLARE THAT THE HOUR IS STRIKING WHERE IT HAS BECOME THE DUTY OF EVERY PATRIOT TO SINK HIS CONSCIENCE FOR THE BUBLIC GOOD.

I was among those who heard this Declaration as it fell from his inspired lips, and the hour has struck when I, in turn, must declare, that no where among the mottoes of suicides, or the maxims of highwaymen, or the blasphemies of atheists, is there to be found a sentiment more monstrous than this. And if these words have not already been inscribed on the banner of the Democratic party for the next campaign, it may not be too late to enquire, How is it possible that the public good should ever require any man, or party of men, to sink their consciences? or if that were possible, What amount of good, either public or private, could any man, or party of men, afford to take, in exchange for the damnation of their immortal souls? But it is enough to know, that this party-leader found no difficulty in sinking his own conscience, and that a sufficient number followed his example, to make the requisite majority—their reward will come later.

Abhorrent to every well-regulated mind, as must be a sentiment, so diabolical as this, it is nevertheless the one that has animated the pending Legislature, from the day of its organization to the hour of its adjournment, and I desire to thank the Hon. FRANCIS D. WINSTON, for having coined a phrase in which he has chrystalized its very essence. Other members of this legislature gave proof, as well as he, of the possession of the same happy faculty, although they made of it a different use. For when the impeachment of Judge Norwood was before the House, and was being made to turn upon the nice distinction between a Judge DE JURE and a Judge DE FACTO Hon. J. L. Davis of Haywood, is thought to have rescued his friend, by discovering a still finer distinction, which he denominated a Judge DE FUNCTO In like manner Hon. W. W. Hampton, of Surry, the leader on the Republican side of the House, rewarded the subserviency of the ebony member from Newberne, when he placed a chaplet upon the head of Isaac H Smith, and crowned him as "that Grand Old Democrat of Craven County."

And others besides these, at other times and in other places, have shown a like facility in the expression of a single, great idea Thus, Mr. Dennis Kearney, the Sand-Flat orator, a few years, ago, taught us how easily antagonistic parties, could be brought into harmonious fusion and co-operation, by simply "pooling their issues." In like manner, Judge Timothy Campbell of Tammany Hall, placed himself in the front of the constitutional lawyers of our time, by the question "Why should the Constitution be suffered to make trouble between friends"? And very recently, one, writing in defense of trust combinations, and more particularly of the method they have of victimizing the public by watering their stocks, completely dazzled our imaginations by telling us that they were only "capitalizing their supremacy" And in the way of alliteration, too, the Rev. Mr. Burchard, is remembered to have mortally wounded his friend Mr Blaine, by the untimely use of his 3 R's of "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion;" while Hon. A. M. Waddell is believed to have made a still more fatal use of his 4 C's, which being interpreted meant "Choking the Current of the Cape Fear, with Carcases."

And this last performance suggests the inquiry, Will the use of Dum-Dum Bullets be allowable in the next campaign? And is that the only solution, of our Political Relations, that the Democratic party will have to offer us? Those who have already "SUNK THEIR CONSCIENCES FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD" can best answer the questions.

R. B. DAVIS.

"A Little Spark May Make Much Work."

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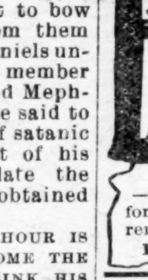
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1. That the election for State and county officers shall be held on the first Thursday in August and every two years thereafter.

2. That there shall be a State board of elections composed of five persons elected by the Legislature for a term of two years.

3. That there shall be a county board of elections consisting of three persons, appointed by State board for a term of two years.

4. That the State Board of elections shall meet in Raleigh the first Monday in May, 1899, and organize by electing one of their number chairman and another secretary. Another meeting shall be held on the first Monday in April in each election year. Special meetings may be called when necessary. For their services the board shall receive four dollars appoint all registrars and judges of elections. Members of the county boards may be removed by the State board; and the county board in turn may remove any registrar or judge of election.

6. That county boards must meet not later than the first Monday in May for organization, and for dividing the counties into precincts and polling places.

7 That before the next general election there shall be an entirely new registration. Among questions to be asked applicant is "whether he has listed his poll for taxation for the current year in which he applies for registration, and for the year next preceding. And if any applicant shall falsely swear he has listed his poll for taxation, he shall be guilty of perjury and and punished as prescribed by law."

8. That the registration books shall be kept open twenty days and closed on the second Saturday before the election. On each Saturday during the period the registrar shall go to the polling place to register voters. On such days the books shall be open for inspection by the voters of the precinct. There shall be no no registering on election day, but voters may be challenged.

9. That on or before the first Monday in July the county board shall appoint two judges of election for each precinct.

10. That to prevent disorder as many as three special officers may be appointed by the registrars and judge of election.

11. That there shall be one ballot for all State officers, one for judges of different courts, one for members of General Assembly, one for county officers, and one for township officers. That all ballots for each of these classes of officers shall be the same size, on white paper and without device. The size of the ballot must be prescribed by the State board of elections. Tickets in the wrong box shall not be counted.

12. That the members of the several boards of election shall constitute the board of county canvassers, which shall meet at the court house second day after the election, canvass the returns, and declare the result at the court house door.

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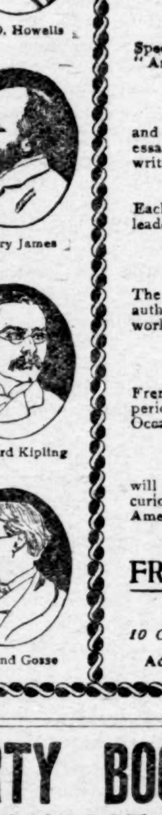
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	No. 403.	No. 41
Lv New York, Penn. R.R.	*11 00am	*9 00pm
Philadelphia	1 12pm	12 05am
Baltimore	3 15pm	2 50am
Washington	4 40pm	4 30am
Richmond. A. C. L.	8 [illegible]	9 05am
Norfolk, S. A. L.	*8 30pm	*9 05am
Portsmouth	8 45pm	9 20am
Weldon	*11 28pm	*11 55am
Ar Henderson	*12 56am	*1 48pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Lv Raleigh	*2 16am	*3 40pm
Sanford	3 33am	5 05pm
So. Pines	4 23am	5 58pm
Hamlet	5 07am	6 50pm
Wadesboro	5 53am	8 10pm
Monroe	6 43am	9 12pm
Wilmington		*12 05pm
Charlotte	*7 50am	*10 25pm
Ar Chester	*8 03am	*10 56pm
Lv Columbia, C N & L R R		*6 00pm
Ar Clinton, S.A.L.	*9 45am	*12 14am
Greenwood	10 35am	1 07am
Abbeville	11 03am	1 35am
Elberton	12 07pm	2 41am
Ar Athens	1 13pm	3 43am
Ar Winder	1 56pm	4 28am
Ar Atlanta (Central time)	2 50pm	5 20am

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 402.	No. 38.
Lv Atlanta (Central time)	*12 00n'n	*7 50pm
Lv Winder	2 40pm	10 40pm
Lv Athens	3 13pm	11 19pm
Elberton	4 15pm	12 31pm
Abbeville	5 15pm	1 35am
Greenwood	5 41pm	2 03am
Clinton	*6 30pm	*2 55am
Ar Columbia C. N & L. R. R.		*7 45am
Lv Chester, S. A. L.	*8 13pm	*4 25am
Ar. Charlotte	*10 25pm	*7 50am
Lv Monroe	*9 40pm	*6 05am
Hamlet	*11 15pm	8 00am
Ar Wilmington		*12 05pm
Lv So. Pines	*12 00am	9 00am
Raleigh	*2 16am	11 25am
Ar Henderson	3 28am	*12 57pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 16pm
Lv Durham	†7 00pm	†10 19am
Ar Weldon	*4 55am	*2 45pm
Richmond A.C.L.	8 20am	7 35pm
Washington, Penn R.R.	12 31pm	11 30pm
Baltimore	1 46pm	1 08am
Philadelphia	3 50pm	3 50am
New York	*6 23pm	*6 53am

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To take effect Monday June 26, 1899, at 5:20 P. M., at Goldsboro.

Supersedes Time Table 7, of October 9, 1898, and all supplements thereto.

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS	5 Passenger daily. P. M.	3 Passenger Daily except Sunday P. M.
W Lv	Goldsboro*	5 20	3 40
	Bests	s 5 46	s 4 00
W	LaGrange*	s 5 49	s 4 09
	Falling Creek	s 6 00	s 4 20
W	Kinston*	s 6 12	s 4 32
	Caswell	f 6 21	f 4 46
Ar Lv	Dover†	s 6 30	s 4 55
W	Core Creek	s 6 42	s 5 07
	Tuscarora	f 6 54	f 5 19
	Clark's	f 7 00	f 5 2[illegible]
W Ar Lv	Newbern*	s 7 15 / 7 25	s 5 40 / 5 50
	Riverdale	f 7 50	f 6 15
	Croatan	f 7 53	f 6 18
	Havelock	s 8 05	s 6 30
W	Newport*	s 8 18	s 6 43
	Wildwood	f 8 24	f 6 49
	Atlantic	f 8 29	f 6 54
Ar Lv	Morehead City*	s 8 37 / 8 42	s 7 02 / 7 07
	Atlantic Hotel	....	....
W Ar	M. City Depot*	8 50	7 15
		P. M.	P. M.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily except Sunday. A. M.	6 Passenger daily. A. M.
Ar	Goldsboro*	11 05	6 40
	Bests	s 10 43	s 6 18
W	LaGrange*	s 10 32	s 6 07
	Falling Creek	s 10 22	s 5 57
W	Kinston*	s 10 12	s 5 47
	Caswell	9 50	f 5 35
Lv Ar	Dover†	s 9 4[illegible]	5 27
W	Core Creek	s 9 30	s 5 15
	Tuscarora	f 9 20	s 5 05
	Clark's	f 9 12	f 4 57
Lv Ar	Newbern*	s 9 00 / 8 37	s 4 45 / 4 37
	Riverdale	f 8 12	f 4 13
	Croatan	f 8 09	f 4 09
	Havelock	s 8 00	s 4 00
W	Newport*	s 7 46	s 3 46
	Wildwood	f 7 39	f 3 39
	Atlantic	f 7 35	f 3 35
Lv Ar	Morehead City*	s 7 27 / 7 22	s 3 27 / 3 22
	Atlantic Hotel		
Lv	M. City Depot	7 05	3 05
		A. M.	A. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on signal. *—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R AND BRANCHES. AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Aug. 1st, 1897.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.		No. 41 Daily.	49
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 43	....		
Ar Rocky Mount	12 52	10 35	....		
Lv Tarboro	12 12				
Lv Rocky Mount	12 52	10 35		5 45	12 45
Lv Wilson	2 06	11 16		6 20	2 12
Lv Selma	3 00				
Lv Fayetteville	4 40	1 14			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 25			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Lv Goldsboro				7 01	3 10
Lv Magnolia				8 05	4 16
Ar Wilmington				9 30	5 45
				A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily.		No. 32 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.	No. 48 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	8 45	....	8 15		
Lv Fayetteville	11 20	....	10 20		
Lv Selma	1 00				
Ar Wilson	1 42		12 10		
				P. M.	A. M
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 35
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10 5[illegible]
Lv Goldsboro				10 10	11 5[illegible]
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	1 42	....	12 15	11 20	12 47
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	....	12 53	11 57	1 20
Lv Tarboro	12 12				
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	....	12 53		
Ar Weldon	3 39	....	1 44		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 4:10 p. m., Halifax 4:28 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8.52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 1:00 p. m., arrive Parmele 6:10 a. m. and 2:40 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m., daily.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:05 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7:10 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:30 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 p. m., arrive Nashville 5:05 p. m., Spring Hope 5:30 [illegible], returning leave Spring Hope [illegible], Nashville 8:35 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9:05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:15 a. m., and 4:10 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina R. R. for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk

H. M. EMERSON, [illegible]n'l Pass Agt.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Man.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

STOP CHEWING
[illegible] NO-TO-BAC [illegible] removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. [illegible] boxes sold, 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.



IF WE KNEW.

Could we but draw the curtains
That surround each other's lives,
See the naked heart and spirit,
Know what spur the action gives,
Often we should find it better,
Purer than we judge we should;
We should love each other better
If we only understood.

Could we judge all deeds by motives,
See the good and bad within,
Often we should love the sinner,
All the while we loathe the sin;
Could we know the powers working
To o'erthrow integrity,
We should judge each other's errors
With more patient charity.

If we knew the cares and troubles,
Knew the efforts all in vain,
And the bitter disappointment—
Understood the loss and gain—
Would the grim, eternal roughness
Seem, I wonder, just the same?
Should we help, where now we hinder?
Should we pity where we blame?

Ah! we judge each other harshly,
Knowing not life's hidden force;
Knowing not the fount of action
Is less turbid at its source.
Seeing not amid the evil
All the golden grains of good—
Oh! we'd love each other better
If we only understood.

The Bookkeeper's Mistake



CHARLIE ANDERSON, the bookkeeper, sat behind his little sliding window covertly watching Miss Dolly over the top of his ledger. She was leaning rather dejectedly over some work she had just finished on her typewriter, with her head on her hand and her eyes gazing wistfully.

The regular scratch, scratch of the shipping clerk's pen was the only sound in the office, and presently Miss Dolly's eyes wandered in that direction and lingered on the curly head bending over the desk in the corner. They lingered there a long while, then she roused herself with a little sigh and began to fold her letters.

The bookkeeper nodded to himself. "There is something wrong with Miss Dolly. She hasn't been like herself for a long time. She used to sing and rattle away so cheerily, and now she sighs and looks wistful and is too quiet. I have watched her. And I know what it is. She is in love with the shipping clerk. I was a young fellow myself once."

The bookkeeper was not yet forty, but care and hard work had brought a little gray into his hair, and his youth seemed very far away.

Presently he opened the door of his cage.

"Miss Dolly, you may as well go now. You don't look well, and Mr. Sperry will not be back this evening."

"Oh, thank you," she said, and closed up her typewriter and put on her hat.

When she had gone the bookkeeper sat for a long time thinking hard. He was meditating a plan of attack, for Miss Dolly was too nice a girl to waste her affections on the shipping clerk. The bookkeeper had fallen into the habit of walking home with her in the evening, their roads lying together, and he knew what a sweet, lovable, womanly nature she had. The shipping clerk must be made to realize it. He must have his eyes opened.

In his corner that young gentleman scratched away, blissfully unconscious of the schemes darkening over his blonde head. He looked up when the bookkeeper came over and sat down by his desk.

"I think Miss Dolly is a very sweet girl, don't you, Wells?" said the bookkeeper.

"Yes, she is rather a nice little girl," answered the shipping clerk, a little surprised. The bookkeeper seldom had anything to say. But he went on.

"She is more than 'rather nice.' She has a lovely disposition and is very pretty, too. I have been walking home with her at nights and I have had a good opportunity to judge. I think she is a girl in a thousand."

"Falling in love with her?" asked the shipping clerk.

"Oh, no, no. Nothing like that for me. She didn't look well this afternoon, and I was thinking of her, that's all."

The shipping clerk had his suspicions, however, and Miss Dolly acquired a new interest for him. He talked to her whenever he could get a chance and found her rather dignified and reserved, which only made him more eager to draw her out. The bookkeeper helped matters along all he could. He left them alone together whenever an opportunity afforded, he dropped little judicious words and he gave up his evening walks with Miss Dolly, being always too busy to leave when she did, so that it soon happened that she and the shipping clerk began to walk home together. That young man had come to the conclusion that he was mistaken in supposing the bookkeeper to be in love with Miss Dolly. The bookkeeper came in suddenly one day and found Miss Dolly crying, with her pretty head dropped on her arms outstretched on the typewriter table.

He was much distressed and laid his hand gently on her shoulder, but she only shivered under his touch and would not look up, so he went away and communicated with the shipping clerk. That gentleman evidently knew what to do, for after waiting a suitable length of time the bookkeeper followed him into the office and found him sitting on the table and Miss Dolly laughing and talking gayly, with flushed cheeks and starry eyes.

After that Miss Dolly was no longer dignified with the shipping clerk. She smiled at him bewitchingly and gave him shy, coquettish glances and let him button her gloves. He thought her charming and matters were going along swimmingly, but somehow the bookkeeper did not feel so elated over his success as might have been expected.

There was a curious ache at his heart, and he began to feel a most unreasonable dislike toward the shipping clerk. What an impudent young fellow he was; he positively forced his attentions upon Miss Dolly! Was he the man for her? The bookkeeper had meant it for her good, but had he done the wisest thing? He never could manage to walk home with her at all now and he missed the little confidences she had been wont to give him. She hardly ever spoke to him nowadays, she even appeared to avoid him and he turned to his work with a sigh.

One evening he watched them going away together and he noticed what a handsome, clean-limbed young fellow the shipping clerk was and how daintily Miss Dolly lifted her skirts, and what a handsome couple they made, and he turned away to the little mirror and scrutinized with earnest eyes the face that greeted him there. He noted bitterly the gray sprinkled in the dark hair and the wrinkles about the eyes and the grave mouth.

"What a fool I have been!" he cried passionately. Ah, poor, clumsy, great-hearted spider, caught in the web he had so carefully woven for the unsuspecting fly.

But now that he had begun this work he would not go back, no; not if it brought the keenest torture into his life. He had deliberately brought it upon himself and must bear the consequences. And if Miss Dolly loved the shipping clerk, why, she must have him—her happiness came first of all. So he crushed his heart sternly and bore the anguish as silently as he could.

But it was hard, hard work as the days went by. Miss Dolly has grown gay again, sometimes it seemed almost a feverish gayety, she was so bright and restless. The bookkeeper caught himself watching her and was astonished to remember how long he had unconsciously been doing so.

Once he came upon them standing close together and the shipping clerk was bending over her slim, gloved hand fastening a most refractory button and looking up at her with ardent eyes. Miss Dolly started, and then dropped her eyes, flushing rosily. And the bookkeeper clinched his hands, a mighty impulse came over him to fling the shipping clerk through the open door, and he took one quick step. Then he controlled himself by an effort and went on to his desk.

After that he hardly dared look at Miss Dolly and seldom trusted himself to speak. His only safety lay in work, so he toiled away from morning till evening with the tireless energy of a machine.

Then one day came the news of the shipping clerk's promotion, a good position, a snug salary. The bookkeeper knew what that meant. He wondered dully how long it would be before the shipping clerk took her away. Oh, what would the office be like without her! However, she would be happy; he was so glad she would be happy.

He stood beside her at the window as she was getting ready to leave, and thought what a lucky fellow the shipping clerk was. All things had come to him.

"That promotion is a fine thing for Wells," he said. "I am so glad it came."

"Yes, I am, too," Miss Dolly answered, pausing to watch the sunset. She looked subdued and thoughtful in its red glow.

"He deserves it," the bookkeeper said gently. "And I am so glad for your sake."

Miss Dolly turned on him.

"And why are you glad for my sake?"

"Well, because, of course, it must mean so much to you."

Miss Dolly flung out her hand impatiently.

"And why should it mean so much for me?" she demanded.

The bookkeeper floundered stupidly. He did not understand these bewildering woman's moods.

"I thought, you know, you acted as if it seemed like you cared. I—I thought you were in love with him."

"You seemed determined that I should be!" flashed Miss Dolly. Then she said softly: "I was in love—but not with him."

Her eyes were fixed dreamily on the purple clouds in the west, but there was something in her face that made the bookkeeper take a sudden stride toward her and cry out fiercely:

"Dolly! I have a right to know! Who was it that you were in love with?"

Then Dolly dropped her coquetries and lifted her clear eyes to his face and held out her hands.

"It was you," she said simply.

And the bookkeeper—well, no matter what he did.

FRESH TRADE DEVELOPMENTS.

The impression prevails that no wood has such a long, soft fibre and is so well adapted to the manufacture of paper as spruce, but experiments are now being made with hemlock in several Canadian mills. The result is not yet known.

Alabama reports a fine demand for her soft coal, even that which is not available for coke finding a ready sale. No coal is being stored, as there is a sufficient call for all that is mined. It looks as if the miners would be kept busy all through the coming winter.

According to a Buffalo newspaper some American capitalists are considering the propriety of establishing a great gun foundry in this country that shall rival the famous Krupp works in Germany and those of Lord Armstrong in England. Buffalo is one of the cities where these men have recently been looking for a site.

The high price of copper has led to a reduced consumption in Germany and France, but this is not due to the substitution of some other metal, like aluminum, but to a postponement of various electrical enterprises that have been projected. The production of copper has increased but little this year, and the gain is apparently all abroad, not in America.

Minister Loomis, writing from Caracas, says that a leading coffee grower in Venezuela is trying to organize a confederation of coffee producing countries to advance the interests of the growers. Senor Olavarria, the person mentioned, believes that the cause of low prices which prevailed of late is overproduction, and he thinks that co-operation would result in cutting down the supply.

The American Consul at Montevideo says that very few dwelling houses in Uruguay are so built that a stove for heating could have an outlet for its smoke, and even for cooking stoves it is customary to provide only a stovepipe hole in the wall. The American oil stove, however, and the regulation cook stove from the United States are finding a market there, and in the future there is a prospect of increased sales. The natives make a rude cook stove of their own, with a water back, but it is not economical in the use of fuel.

British Boy of Bulk.

At Dearham, near Maryport, the winner of the belt awarded for wrestling by youths under sixteen by the Northern Counties Wrestling Association was J. Tunstall, of Great Broughton, who is only twelve years of age, stands over six feet in height, and weighs about twelve stone (168 pounds).—Birmingham Post.

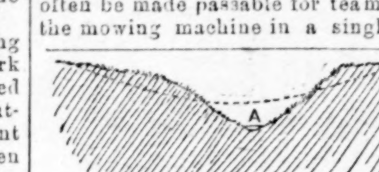
FARM TOPICS

Good Butter Will Keep Well.

At the Kansas Experiment Station last summer during the hottest weather, milk that had been thoroughly cooled and aerated was kept in sweet condition from thirty-six to forty-eight hours. It has also been stated that butter in good condition, sealed and kept at thirty degrees, would remain without deterioration from five to six years. All this supports the contention that preservatives such as salicylic acid, bichromate of potassium or corrosive sublimate are unnecessary if dairy products are properly treated.

Smoothing Old Fields.

On many farms are "runs," or gullies, varying from a few to very many feet in depth. Many of these could be entirely eliminated by a little management when the land is under the plow. As most of these "runs" are passage-ways from some spring or wet piece of ground, a small drain should be laid at the point A in the cut. Then each year as the land is plowed turn the furrows always toward the depression—working in the same way from both sides. A small gully can often be made passable for teams and the mowing machine in a single season's working of the land, while deeper depressions will require repeated attention of this kind as the land is "taken up" again and again in the practice of a rotation of crops. Working year after year in this way even rough fields can be made passably smooth, while the satisfaction that one will experience in thus making a permanent improvement will be very great.—New York Tribune.



A WAY TO SMOOTH ROUGH FIELDS.

Benefits of Decaying Vegetation.

The products of the decay of the vegetable matter furnished by green manuring exert a very beneficial effect upon the soil. Among the most important of these products is carbonic acid. This acid helps to keep the soil chemically active, that is, to produce beneficial chemical changes which result in making more food available. This acid, further, helps largely to dissolve the useful constituents of the soil, especially the lime and phosphates, thus bringing them within the reach of subsequent crops. It also attacks the stones and rocks of the soil, helping to disintegrate them. This action is especially important in the case of all rocks and stones containing lime.

The green manuring crop is useful, furthermore, because while it occupies the land the conditions are more favorable for those processes of fermentation which exert a beneficial influence upon the soil. These processes are favored by the shade furnished by the crop, by the restricted circulation of the air and by the more uniform soil temperature which the occupying of the land by a crop secures. The incorporation of the vegetable matter of the green crop in the soil may be the means of warming it. The darker color resulting from the presence of humus favors the absorption of heat from the sun, and the process of decay being in its final effect precisely like combustion by fire, helps to raise the temperature of the soil.—Professor W. P. Brooks, in New England Homestead.

Inexpensive Farm Fences.

I have been experimenting in farm fencing for nearly half a century, and find that post and rail fences, where the timber is at hand, are by far the most satisfactory. I drive my posts and dig no holes. In driving the posts I first take an iron crowbar, strike the bar down through the gravel and stone as far as desired, and then jerk it sideways until quite an opening is formed. The posts are put in place and a man with a forty-pound wooden maul will soon have them down to the 2½ foot mark, with comparatively little trouble, when they will be found quite solid. Begin at the ground and lay a worm rail on stones or blocks, to the right and left of alternate posts. This gives the fence a slight worm. A stake should then be pointed and driven in opposite the post next the worm rail, so as to stand parallel with it and three or four inches from it. Place a wire band around the stake and post just on top of the worm rail. These will support the stake until two courses of rails are laid, when another wire band must be put into place. Continue until you have the fence as high as desired, and you will have a fence that will turn any kind of stock, and last as long as posts. The wire may be No. 9 to 12, according to the size of the rails. I get a good, strong pair of wire pliers and an iron bar, which are all the tools we need, besides a maul and trestle.

I thought at first that the tapering posts would heave out badly in spring and not be able to withstand heavy winds. Such, however, was not the result. Driven posts stand better than those for which holes are dug. The rails are kept well off the ground, and rot but slightly. I have renewed old rail fences in this way when nearly one-half of the rails were useless. I selected those that were good enough to use in this new kind of fence, and got out almost enough to make a new fence. Two wire bands and three rails will turn cattle or horses.—George Hanawalt, in Orange Judd Farmer.

Owed His Dinner to a Bugle.

While the United States steamer Brooklyn is being repaired shore leave is given in turn to batches of sailors. One man, who lives in this city on the East Side and who was allowed to remain with his family for two or three days, invited a shipmate to take dinner with him last Sunday. Unfortunately the shipmate lost the address, and could remember only the name of the street. Reaching the street he wandered up and down, asking every other person he met if he knew the house where a sailor belonging to the Brooklyn lived. None knew. The man, nonplussed, was about to give up the search, when he observed a youth sitting on a stoop amusing himself with an old battered bugle. A thought struck the sailor.

"Lend me that a minute," he said to the young man, as he grasped the horn. Putting it to his lips he sounded with all his might the dinner call of the Brooklyn. Sure enough, two or three seconds later, from a window not fifty yards away, a head was thrust, and a strong, lusty voice called out: "Ship ahoy! Full speed ahead up here. Mess has been waiting half an hour for you."—New York Tribune.

THE FUTURE OF STRAWBERRY GROWING.

No Crop Makes as Quick Returns or Gives Better Results Than the Strawberry.

There is no class of horticulture or fruit growing that offers as many inducements to the amateur or the man of experience as strawberry growing. No other fruit crop gives as quick returns after planting or is as sure to hit as the strawberry. Through much of the South a crop is gathered within about six months of setting the plants. In no part of the country is there an interval of much more than a year. Though the earliest of all fruits, and therefore the most salable, it is the rarest of all fruit crops to be destroyed by frost. When any part of the crop is cut off by frost it is sure to be such a general thing that the supply of strawberries on the market is lessened and higher prices fully compensates for a smaller production.

While this industry has during the past few years suffered as a consequence of the general business depression it has as a rule suffered less than most others, and will be the first to feel the effect of the bettered condition of affairs.

The spring of 1899 was not a fair criterion to judge this improvement by. An exceedingly cold winter was followed by a spring of almost unprecedented suddenness. As a consequence the strawberry crop North, South, East and West ripened more in a lump than the oldest growers had ever before known. The markets were heavily stocked and while good berries paid well, as usual, small and inferior stock did not.

But the raising of such stock is always unwise. It costs but little more money or muscle to give the culture and wintering necessary to raise good berries. And really good berries rarely or never go begging on any market. There is something irresistably captivating in a large, ripe, luscious strawberry, superb in color, fragrance and taste, it appeals and appeals strongly to three senses at once.

Besides the great Northern markets, open to all with shipping facilities to reach them, there is scarcely a town, village or even rural neighborhood in which a little tact and enterprise can not build up a highly remunerative trade in strawberries. Raise good ones, gather and pack them nicely and attractively and substantial reward is as sure as anything here below.

ADVICE TO A GRADUATE.

First Published Years Ago, but Just As Good As Ever.

Remember, son, that the world is older than you are by several years; that for thousands of years it has been so full of men—smarter and better and younger men than yourself—that their feet stuck out of the dormer windows; that when they died the old globe went wagging on, and not one man in 10,000,000 went to the funeral or even heard of the death.

Be as smart as you can, of course. Know as much as you can without blowing the packing out of your cylinder heads; shed the light of your wisdom abroad in the world, but don't dazzle people with it. And don't imagine a thing is so simple because you say it is.

Don't be too sorry for your father because he knows so much less than you do; remember the reply of Dr. Wayland to the student of Brown University who said it was an easy enough thing to make proverbs such as Solomon wrote.

"Make a few," tersely replied the old man. And we never heard that the young man made any. Not more than two or three, anyhow.

The world has great need of young men, but no greater need than the young men have of it. Your clothes fit you better than your father's fit him; they cost more money, they are more stylish, your mustache is neater, the cut of your hair is better, and you are prettier, O, far prettier than "pa." But, young man, the old gentleman gets the biggest salary, and his homely, scrambling signature on the business end of a check will drain more money out of the bank in five minutes than you could get out with a ream of paper and a copperplate signature in six months.

Young men are useful, and they are ornamental, and we all love them, and we couldn't engineer a picnic successfully without them. But they are no novelties, son. Oh, no, nothing of the kind. They have been here before.—Burlington Hawkeye.

A New Kind of Insurance.

That there may be such a thing as carrying insurance too far is indicated by the case of Mr. Mulcahy and Mr. Mulhooly, two Irish gentlemen. Though they were known to be great friends, they were one day observed to pass each other in the street without a greeting.

"Why, Mulcahy," a friend asked, in astonishment, "have you and Mulhooly quarreled?"

"That we have nuo!" said Mr. Mulcahy, with earnestness.

"There seemed to be a coolness between you when you passed just now."

"That's the insurance of our friendship."

"I don't understand."

"Whoy, thin, it's this way. Mulhooly and I are that devoted to wan another that we can't bear the idea of a quarrel, an' as we are both moighty quick tempered we've resolved not to shpake to wan another at all!"—Tit-Bits.

Dr. King's Chill and Fever Tonic
Will cure the worst case of chills and fever. Never fails.
Other medicines stop chills, but only King's Cure.
BURWELL & DUNN CO., Wholesale Druggists, Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors, Charlotte, N. C.

A Voice From Salisbury.
SALISBURY N. C., Dec. 4, 1898.—From my own experience I have found Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy the best medicine known for building up the health in general. The greatest remedy in the world for dyspepsia, eczema, aches and pains, and breaking up colds. Nine years ago I suffered with a chronic cold which resulted in a bronchial affection and repeated serious troubles of the throat, which was alarming. I was affected with something like croup and again and again for years was subject to attacks of laryngitis. I tried Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy and am now free of all those troubles and have been ever since, and feel confident the Remedy has made the cure. I have kept it in my family for years, and have always found it invaluable for old and young. The extraordinary effect of this grand remedy is sure to be realized by all who give it a fair trial. Sincerely,
MRS. M. E. RAMSAY

—The Scottish Royal Clan will meet at Pittsburg, Pa., in 1901.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

—Gold is the lightest metal in use. If you don't believe it, just try how easy it is to "blow" it.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Credit Where It Is Due.

"I am afraid that our new son-in-law's aristocratic traditions will make it difficult for him to hold his own in financial affairs." "I kind of felt that way," replied her husband, "but don't let's be hasty in judging him. I must say he talked right up like a business man when it came to fixing a dowry."—Washington Star.

REMARKABLE YIELD OF WHEAT.

Mr. Fred Oliver and the Charlotte Oil & Fertilizer Co. Lead the Country.

Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, has no doubt again lead the United States in growing wheat. The Charlotte Oil and Fertilizer Co., had 145 acres, and Mr. Fred Oliver 210 acres, making 355 acres of wheat grown by one manager, Mr. Oliver.

This wheat suffered from the excessive rains and cold weather experienced by the whole Winter wheat territory last Winter, and the yield was cut off at least 50 per cent by the damage done. It gave an average yield, however, of 20 bushels per acre. Many acres that were so situated as to be protected by good drainage and by surrounding woods, gave yield of over 40 bushels per acre. Mr. Oliver claims he can raise 40 to 50 bushels of wheat per acre with favorable seasons.

The fertilizer used last season cost $4.00 per acre, and it would no doubt have given double the yield of wheat, if the weather had been favorable. Why raise cotton when you can get more money value from wheat, with less labor and expense, and at the same time have a chance to grow on same land, same season, another crop either of peas, millet or corn. The farmers in the South will be much more independent when they raise all the wheat, corn and hogs and cattle that they consume, and only half as much cotton as is now grown.

You can grow good wheat, corn and hay, and gather two crops per year. You can improve your land and make it worth double in five years what it will now sell for. You can not do it by raising cotton alone, you must farm on a broader minded principle and use fertilizer freely, and above all, use the highest grade fertilizer on the market, it is cheaper than the lowest grades, quality considered.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?
It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

—Up to date $18,836,040 in gold certificates has been issued.

S. A. L. FAST FREIGHT SERVICE.

From Chicago to Charlotte in Four Days—Three Shipments of Four Days Each.

The Seaboard Air Line is giving some surprisingly fast freight service recently.

The following from the Augusta, Ga., Tribune:

Plankington Packing Co., shipped from Chicago, night of May 13th, via Pan Handle, and Seaboard Air Line, P. R. L. car No. 2350 with provisions consigned to Cochrane & McLaughlin, Charlotte, N. C. This car left Atlanta May 16th, train No. 22 and arrived in Charlotte 3 p. m., May 17th, making the trip from Chicago to Charlotte in four days.

Swift & Co., shipped from Chicago, night of July 15th, S. R. L. car No. 2750, loaded with meat for M. C. Heath, Columbia, S. C., which was routed Pan Handle and Seaboard Air Line. This car was delivered to Heath 10 a m., July 19th, being only four days in transit.

A third instance was, A. R. L. car No. 5841, from Armour & Co., Chicago, Ills., July 15th, which arrived and was delivered to Youngblood & Cochran, Greenwood, S. C., July 19th, making the same good time as S. R. L. 2750, having been handled via Pan Handle and Seaboard Air Line. These instances are certainly worthy of note, but are only a few of the immense volume of through traffic handled in this unprecedented fast time by the Seaboard Air Line.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescription from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

She Is Willing To Be.

If a girl says she is to be married "in a year or two," it means there is nothing definite; she has not yet landed him.—Atchison Globe.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

—Dr. Nansen's next trip may be to the South Pole.

All Skin Diseases Cured.
By a wonderful ointment called Tetterine. "It is the only thing that gives me relief," writes Mrs. M. E. Latimer, Biloxi, Miss. She had an itchy breaking out on her skin. It cures tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin troubles. 50c. per box at your druggists, or send the amount in stamps to J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

—The man who is lucky at poker often has a good deal to be thankful for.

How to Make Money in Strawberries
is told by our free publications. C. P. Co., Strawberry Specialists, Kittrell, N. C.

—Against the law—the lawyer, very often.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

—A whiskey trust is to be formed in Ireland.

"You Never Miss the Water Till the Well Runs Dry."
We never realize the value of health until it is gone. When old time strength and vigor are wanting, purify the blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla; soon restored appetite, perfect digestion, steady nerves and even temper will prove it is bringing back the glow of perfect health.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

CUTLER'S CARBOLATE OF IODINE
A guaranteed Cure for Catarrh, Consumption and HayFever. All druggists, $1.00 W. H. SMITH & CO., Buffalo, N.Y., Props.

CARTER'S INK
None so good, but it costs no more than the poorest.

Tense of Security.

"Endora," said Mr Cumrox, "I have been several times annoyed by the way you see fit to worry about my grammar."

"It's awful," said his wife. "You use commas where they don't belong and you forget all about your periods. You'll lose all your friends."

"Endora, let me remind you that I have money enough to float any scheme I take a fancy to. A man may lose on his punctuation, but when he enjoys my facilities for capitalization he is bound to have friends that he couldn't lose if he tried."—Washington Star.

Ayer's Pills



Look at your tongue! If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

—It takes "rocks" to make a man solid.

For Over 30 Years
Wintersmith's Chill Cure has stood at the top notch as a reliable remedy for chills and fever. Such success guarantees its value. It cures where others fail. All druggists sell it. Address ARTHUR PETER & CO., Louisville, Ky.

—Even a jealous wife can stand Dame Fortune smiling upon her husband.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

—Milwaukee brewers have contributed $1000 to the Dewey Home fund.

After six years' suffering I was cured by Piso's Cure.—MARY THOMSON, 29½ Ohio Ave., Alleghany, Pa., March 19, 1894.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reducing inflamation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

SYRUP OF FIGS



NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS
is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

What Made Him Tired.

The other day, toward the close of a long sitting in the Assize Courts, when another case was called on the leading counsel rose and huskily requested that the case might be postponed till the next morning.

"On what ground?" asked the judge, snappishly.

"Me Lud, I have been arguing a case all day in Court B and am completely exhausted."

"Very well," said the judge; "we'll take the next."

Another counsel arose and also pleaded for adjournment.

"What, are you exhausted, too?" inquired the judge, with a snap of the eyelids. "What have you been doing?"

"Me Lud," said the barrister, in a wearied voice, "I have been listening to my learned brother."—Tit-Bits.

—Storms raging in Spain blew down a convent at Ocana.

An Exciting Race.

"I reckon the most excitin' race I ever see," observed the man with the faded hair, after an interval of silence, "was between two Mississippi River steamboats. The engineers crammed the furnaces with bacon and everything else in the cargoes that would make a hot fire. The Prairie Rose was the name of one boat and the Minnesota Belle was the other, but everybody knowed it was a race between the engineers, fur the reason that they'd had a fight in St. Louis once. I was on the Rose, and we was chinnin' the passengers on the Belle. It wasn't more'n forty feet away, an' the boat that got around the Big Bend first we knowed would win the race"—

"Which got there first?" asked one of the listeners, tired of the oratory.

"Well, the engineer of the Minnesota Belle got there first," rejoined the man with the faded hair. "Or parts of him did. His b'iler exploded."—Chicago Tribune.

An Ancient House Destroyed.

During a heavy storm, lightning struck the residence of Judge C. W. Carter, of Preston, near Norwich, and it was burned to the ground.

The house was built in 1662 and was the oldest dwelling in Preston and one of the oldest in Connecticut. It was built as a home for the herdsman of several of the early settlers of Norwich and finally passed into the possession of the Palmers, from whom it descended to Judge Carter. The house was very substantially built, having an oak frame and floors, and has had five additions made to it. The dining room was finished in seven kinds of hard wood. Judge and Mrs. Carter had a very large and valuable collection of old china, much of which was lost. A dinner set made in 1300, the pieces forming a chariot wheel, was saved, but one piece was broken.—Hartford Times.

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Newfoundland's New Postage Stamp.

The new five-cent Newfoundland postage stamp bears the likeness of the Duke of York, who is an enthusiastic stamp collector and president of the London Philatelic Society. This is the fifth of a series of royal portrait stamps issued by England's colony during the last year, the series being as follows: Half cent (Prince Edward of York), one cent (the Queen) two cents (Prince of Wales), three cents (Princess of Wales) and five cents (Duke of York).

A Parting Shot.

"Perhaps it is best after all," remarked the rejected suitor as he lingered in the hall. "A man of 25 would soon tire of a wife who hovered round the 32 mark." "Why, Mr. Ardent," said the woman in the case, "how very ungallant of you to insinuate that I am 32." "Well, perhaps you are not," he replied, "but it certainly struck me that you were somewhere near the freezing point."



DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA
TEETHING POWDERS
Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age.
Costs Only 25 Cents. Ask Your Druggist for it.
If not kept by druggists mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

SEED WHEAT....
....FOR SALE!

We again offer the cleanest seed wheat on the market, and from probably the largest crop yield in the State, if not the United States.

We had 355 acres in wheat this year, and the crop averaged 20 bushels per acre. Where we had a good stand, not winter killed, we had over 40 bushels per acre. One hundred bushels of our wheat will contain less cockle seed than one bushel of ordinary seed wheat.

Price $1.15 per bushel on cars at Charlotte. Bags hold two bushels and are new, no charge for bags. Terms: Cash with order.

Charlotte Oil & Fertilizer Co.,
Per FRED OLIVER, Pres't.
Charlotte, - - - N. C.

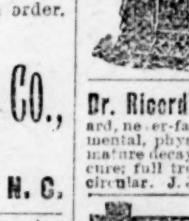
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"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."
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TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
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NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

GIN REPAIRS
SAWS, RIBS,
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FOR ANY MAKE OF GIN.
ENGINES, BOILERS AND PRESSES
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Pianos for $195.
Buy direct from the manufacturer. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address
M. P. MOLLER,
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Hagerstown, - - Md.

Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life since 1863 has been the standard, never-failing remedy for all cases of nervous, mental, physical debility, loss of vitality and premature decay in both sexes; positive, permanent cure; full treatment $5, or $1 a bottle; stamp for circular. J. JACQUES, Agent, 178 Broadway, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Agents Wanted You can earn $50 per mo. handling our Portraits and Frames. Write for terms. C. B. Anderson & Co., 373 Elm St., Dallas, Tex.

GO TO SCHOOL. BOARD & Room $2.50 a Week. Tuition low. All books FREE. SITUATIONS GUARANTEED. Over 50 Remington and Smith Premier typewriters. 254 students last year from 7 States. 8th year. Send for catalogue. Address, Dep't 10 STRAYER'S BUSINESS COL'GE, Baltimore, Md.

WANTED AGENTS for our Cotton Book; it begins at 3c. and runs to 15c; figures the 16ths and 20ths from 200 to 700 pounds; a $4.00 book for only 25c. It sells like "hot cakes;" terms liberal. Also for the Bible Looking Glass. It teaches the Bible by Illustrations; agents making from $4.00 to $10.00 per day. Write to-day. J. L. NICHOLS & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Best Prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever,
Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form.... Sold by every druggist in the malarial sections of the United States..... No cure, no pay.... Price, 50c.



First Tasteless Tonic ever manufactured.. All other so-called "Tasteless" Tonics are imitations.. Ask any druggist about this who is not PUSHING an imitation.

WHOLESALER.
St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 6, 1899.
PARIS MEDICINE Co., City.
Gentlemen:—We wish to congratulate you on the increased sales we are having on your Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. On examining our record of inventory under date of Jan. 1st. we find that we sold during the Chill season of 1898, 2660 dozen Grove's Tonic. We also find that our sales on your Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets have been something enormous: having sold during the late Cold and Grip season 4,260 dozen. Please rush down order enclosed herewith, and oblige, Yours truly,
MEYER BROS. DRUG CO.
Per Schall.

RETAILER.
KEDRON, ILLS.
PARIS MEDICINE Co.,
Gentlemen:—I handle seven or eight different kinds of Chill Tonics but I sell ten bottles of Grove's to where I sell one of the others. I sold 38 bottles of Grove's Chill Tonic in one day and could have sold more if I had had it on hand. Mr. Dave Woods cured five cases of chills with one bottle.
Respectfully,
JOHN T. VINYARD.

CONSUMER.
WHITESBORO, TEX., Sep. 13, 1898.
PARIS MEDICINE Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—I write you a few lines of gratitude. I think your Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is one of the best medicines in the world for Chills and Fever. I have three children that have been down with malarial fever for 18 months and have bought Chill medicines of all kinds and Doctor's bills coming in all the time until I sent to town and got three bottles of Grove's Tonic. My children are all well now and it was your Tasteless Chill Tonic that did it. I cannot say too much in its behalf.
Yours truly,
JAMES D. ROBERTS.

The Poor Teeth of the Young.

A rapid tendency to decay, hitherto unknown in extent, is taking place in the teeth of the children and youth of the present generation. That the disease is assuming alarming proportions is painfully evident. A few years ago a school committee was appointed by the British Dental Association to acquire more knowledge of the condition of children's teeth at various ages. Of the children of a large number of parochial, industrial and other schools over 10,000 mouths were examined, and the condition of each tooth was marked upon a chart. Less than fifteen per cent. of such boys and girls of an average of twelve years did not require some treatment for decayed teeth. The very large majority, therefore, of over 85 per cent. demanded skilled attention.—Nineteenth Century Review.

THE REASON WHY
For man or beast
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
Excels—is that it *Penetrates* to the seat of the trouble immediately and without irritating rubbing—and *kills the pain.*
Family and Stable Sizes
Sold by Dealers generally.
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FOR BOYS.
Its pupils have done well at the Universities of Virginia, Cornell, Lehigh, Princeton, and at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, at Boston. Terms moderate. For Catalogue, address,
W. P. MASON, U. S. N. A., Principal.

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$3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.
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Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.
ALL LEATHERS, ALL STYLES
THE GENUINE have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom.



Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Largest makers of $3 and $3.50 shoes in the world. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send you a pair on receipt of price. State kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue C Free.
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed
To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.